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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:30:42 ON 21 JUN 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:31:04 ON 21 JUN 2007

L2 STR
 L4 563 SEA SSS FUL L2
 L14 STR
 L16 18 SEA SUB=L4 SSS FUL L14

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:05:12 ON 21 JUN 2007

L17 7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L16
 D STAT QUE L17
 D IBIB ABS HITSTR L17 1-7

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:06:15 ON 21 JUN 2007

L19 STR
 L21 553 SEA SSS FUL L19
 L23 STR
 L24 3 SEA SUB=L21 SSS FUL L23
 L25 550 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 NOT L24
 L26 STR
 L27 5 SEA SUB=L4 SSS FUL L26
 L28 540 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 NOT (L16 OR L27)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:11:07 ON 21 JUN 2007

L29 1674 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25
 L30 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L24
 L31 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L27
 L32 1680 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L28
 L33 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L30 OR L31) NOT L17
 D STAT QUE L33
 L34 215 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L28/P
 L35 211 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L34
 L36 116181 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (HALOGENATION/CV OR "HALOGENATION (L)
 AGENTS"/CV OR "HALOGENATING AGENTS"/CV OR "OXIDATIVE HALOGENATI
 ON"/CV OR BROMINATION/CV OR CHLORINATION/CV OR FLUORINATION/CV
 OR IODINATION/CV OR "HALOGENATION CATALYSTS"/CV OR "HALOGENATIO
 N KINETICS"/CV OR HALOGENS/CV) OR ?HALOGENAT?
 L37 1280589 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("REDOX REACTION"/CV OR REDUCTION/CV) OR
 ?REDUCT?
 L40 5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L36 AND L37
 L41 4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 NOT (L17 OR L33)
 L42 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L41 AND L35
 D STAT QUE L42
 D IBIB ABS HITSTR L42 1-2
 L43 22 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L36 AND L32
 L44 5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 AND L37 AND L32
 L45 16 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L43 OR L44) NOT (L17 OR L33 OR L42)
 D STAT QUE L45
 D IBIB ABS HITSTR L45 1-16
 L46 661 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("LEMAIRE M"/AU OR "LEMAIRE M C"/AU OR
 "LEMAIRE M J"/AU OR "LEMAIRE M V"/AU OR "LEMAIRE M VIOLAINE"/AU
 OR "LEMAIRE M Y"/AU) OR ("LEMAIRE MARC"/AU OR "LEMAIRE MARC
 LIONEL"/AU)
 L47 35 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("SALUZZO C"/AU OR "SALUZZO CHRISTINE"/AU)

L48 15 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("BERTHOD M"/AU OR "BERTHOD MICHAEL"/AU OR
 "BERTHOD MIKAEEL"/AU OR "BERTHOD MIKAEEL"/AU)
 L49 40 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L47 OR L48) NOT (L17 OR L33 OR L42 OR
 L45)
 D STAT QUE L49
 D IBIB ABS HITSTR L49 1-40
 L50 20 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L46 AND (L29 OR L32)
 L51 5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L50 NOT (L17 OR L33 OR L42 OR L45 OR L49)
 D STAT QUE L51
 D IBIB ABS HITSTR L51 1-5

FILE HOME

FILE REGISTRY

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file
 provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 20 JUN 2007 HIGHEST RN 938114-25-1
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 JUN 2007 HIGHEST RN 938114-25-1

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

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 conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and
 predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of
 experimental property data in the original document. For information
 on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

FILE HCAPLUS

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Jun 2007 VOL 146 ISS 26
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Jun 2007 (20070620/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate
 substance identification.

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=> fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:05:12 ON 21 JUN 2007

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Jun 2007 VOL 146 ISS 26
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Jun 2007 (20070620/ED)

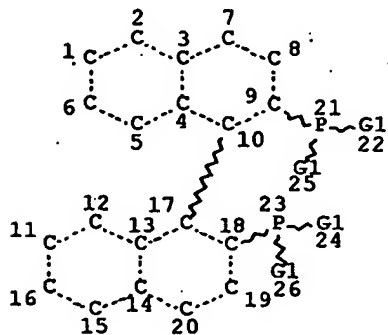
New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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=> d stat que 117

L2 STR



VAR G1=AK/CY

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

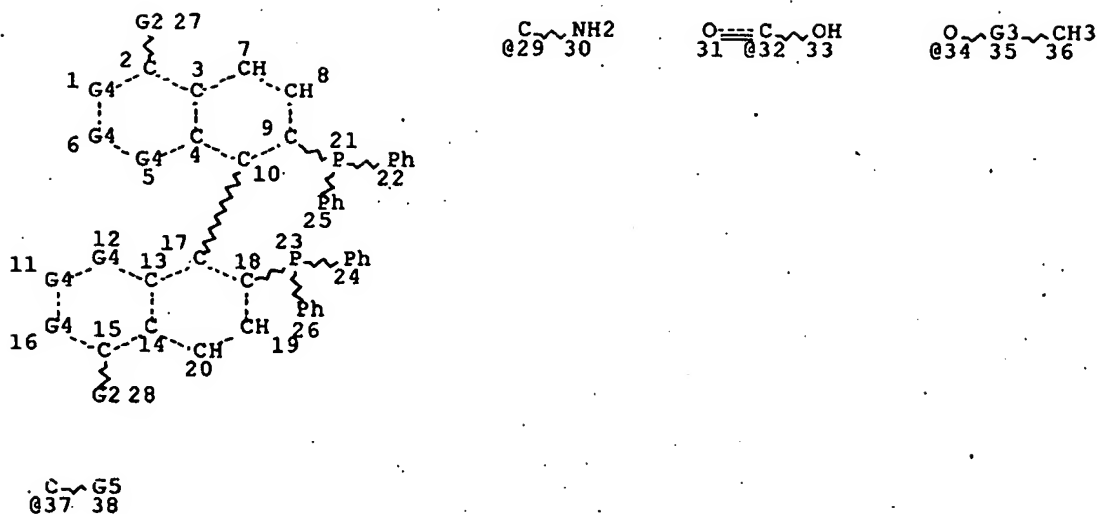
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L4 563 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L2

L14 STR



VAR G2=AK/CN/29/32
 REP G3=(0-3) C
 VAR G4=CH/37
 VAR G5=AK/34
 NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 38

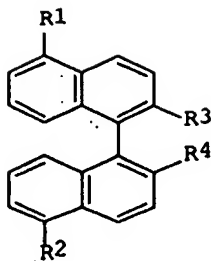
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
 L16 18 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 SSS FUL L14
 L17 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L16

=> d ibib abs hitstr l17 1-7

L17 ANSWER 1 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:352054 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:380115
 TITLE: Preparation of binaphthyls as asymmetric ligands
 INVENTOR(S): Shimada, Toyoshi; Kakiuchi, Kiyozo
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nara Institute of Science and Technology, Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP. 2007077022	A	20070329	JP 2005-262628	20050909
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2005-262628	20050909
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 146:380115		

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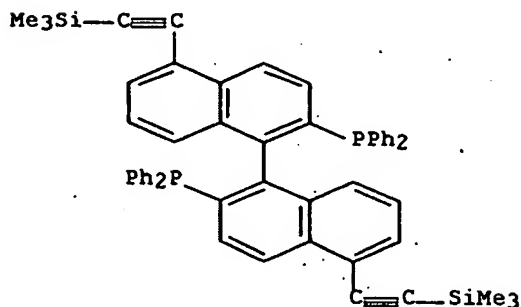
AB Binaphthyls I [R1, R2 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, silyl; R1 = R2 ≠ H; R3, R4 = POR₅2, PR₅2; R5 = (un)substituted Ph] are prepared by oxidation of 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyls, iodination of the resulting oxides with bis(pyridine)iodonium tetrafluoroborate (II), followed by cross-coupling of the obtained iodinated binaphthyls with transition metals. Thus, (R)-BINAP dioxide was iodinated with II, cross-coupled with trimethylsilylacetylene in the presence of CuI and PdCl₂(PPh₃)₂, and treated with LiAlH₄ to give (R)-I (R1 = R2 = C.tplbond.CSiMe₃, R3 = R4 = PPh₂) (III). 2-Cyclohexen-1-one was treated with III, PhB(OH)₂, and Rh(acac)(C₂H₄)₂ to give 99% optically active 3-phenylcyclohexan-1-one with 97.3% ee.

IT 871350-62-8P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(preparation of binaphthyls as asym. ligands by cross-coupling of iodobinaphthyls)

RN 871350-62-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, [(1R)-5,5'-bis[(trimethylsilyl)ethynyl][1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



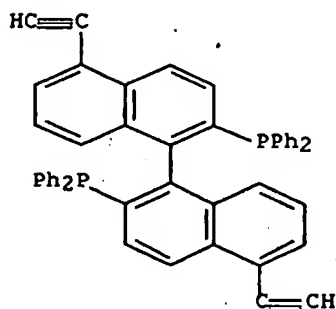
IT 871350-64-0P 930794-26-6P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of binaphthyls as asym. ligands by cross-coupling of iodobinaphthyls)

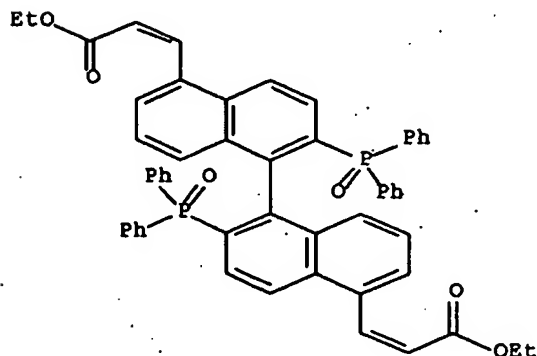
RN 871350-64-0 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, [(1R)-5,5'-diethynyl[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 930794-26-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3,3'-[(1R)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphinyl)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-5,5'-diyl]bis-, 1,1'-diethyl ester, (2E,2'E)- (CA INDEX NAME)



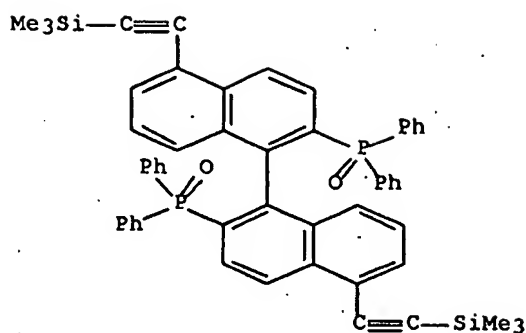
IT 871350-60-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

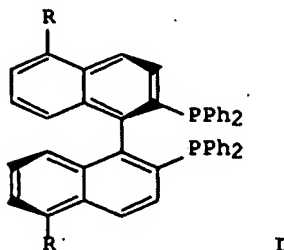
(preparation of binaphthyls as asym. ligands by cross-coupling of iodobinaphthyls)

RN 871350-60-6 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, [(1R)-5,5'-bis[(trimethylsilyl)ethynyl][1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L17 ANSWER 2 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1146696 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:51305
 TITLE: Facile preparation of a new BINAP-based building block, 5,5'-diiodoBINAP, and its synthetic application
 AUTHOR(S): Shimada, Toyoshi; Suda, Masahiko; Nagano, Toyohiro; Kakiuchi, Kiyomi
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Engineering, Nara National College of Technology, Nara, 639-1080, Japan
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (2005), 70(24), 10178-10181
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:51305
 GI



AB Nonracemic bis(diphenylphosphino)binaphthyldiphosphines I (R = I, Me₃SiC.tplbond.C, HC.tplbond.C) are prepared chemoselectively using a chemo- and regioselective iodination of (R)-BINAP P,P'-dioxide with bis(pyridine)iodonium tetrafluoroborate as the key step. Treatment of (R)-BINAP dioxide with 3 equivalent of bis(pyridine)iodonium tetrafluoroborate at 25° for 20 h gives the dioxide of I (R = I) in 92% yield with no formation of regioisomers; reaction of (R)-BINAP dioxide with 2 equivalent of bis(pyridine)iodonium tetrafluoroborate for at -30° gives 5-iodo-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphoryl)-1,1'-binaphthyl in 15% yield because of difficulty in separating the monoiodo compound from starting material. Deoxygenation of the

dioxide of I (R = I) with trichlorosilane gives I (R = I); Sonogashira coupling of the dioxide of I (R = I) with trimethylsilylacetylene followed by deoxygenation with Me triflate and lithium aluminum hydride gives I (R = Me₃SiC.tplbond.C), and cleavage of the silyl groups with tetrabutylammonium fluoride yields I (R = HC.tplbond.C). Enantioselective rhodium-catalyzed addition of phenylboronic acid to 2-cyclohexen-1-one in the presence of either BINAP or 5,5'-disubstituted binaphthyldiphosphines yields nonracemic 3-phenylcyclohexanone in 97-99% yields and in 97% ee; while I (R = I, Me₃SiC.tplbond.C) provide 3-phenylcyclohexanone with similar yields and enantioselectivities to those obtained using (R)-BINAP; reaction in the presence of I (R = HC.tplbond.C) leads to no product.

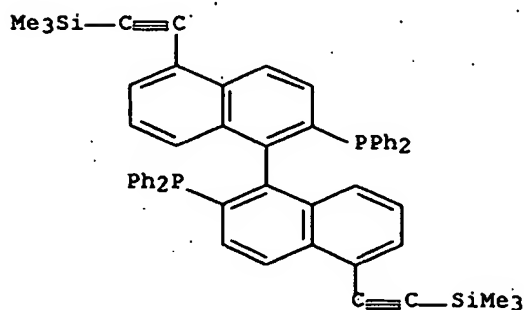
IT 871350-62-8P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(asym. rhodium-catalyzed addition of phenylboronic acid to cyclohexenone using binaphthyldiphosphines as chiral ligands)

RN 871350-62-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, [(1R)-5,5'-bis[(trimethylsilyl)ethynyl][1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



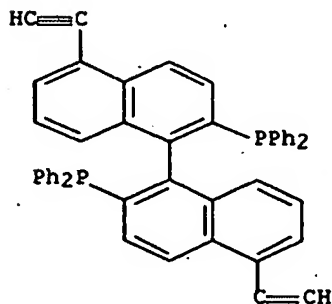
IT 871350-64-0P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(asym. rhodium-catalyzed addition of phenylboronic acid to cyclohexenone using binaphthyldiphosphines as chiral ligands)

RN 871350-64-0 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, [(1R)-5,5'-diethynyl[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



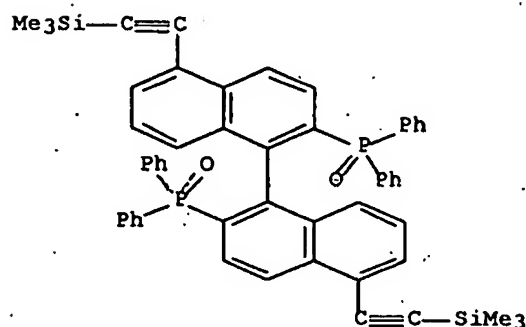
IT 871350-60-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(asym. rhodium-catalyzed addition of phenylboronic acid to cyclohexenone using binaphthyldiphosphines as chiral ligands)

RN 871350-60-6 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, [(1R)-5,5'-bis[(trimethylsilyl)ethynyl][1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 3 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:626140 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:296154

TITLE: Enantioselective catalytic asymmetric hydrogenation of ethyl acetoacetate in room temperature ionic liquids

AUTHOR(S): Berthod, Mikael; Joerger, Jean-Michel; Mignani, Gerard; Vaultier, Michel; Lemaire, Marc

CORPORATE SOURCE: UMR 5181, UCBL, CPE, Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthese Organique, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron: Asymmetry (2004), 15(14), 2219-2221
CODEN: TASYE3; ISSN: 0957-4166

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:296154

AB Ruthenium complexes of bis-ammonio-substituted BINAP ligands catalyze asym. hydrogenation of Et acetoacetate in imidazolium, pyridinium and phosphonium room-temperature ionic liqs. 4,4'-Bis(aminomethyl)-BINAP and 5,5'-bis(aminomethyl)-BINAP were protonated to give corresponding hydrobromides and complexed in situ with $[\text{Ru}(\eta^3\text{-2-methylallyl})_2(\text{COD})]$ to give ruthenium dibromo complexes (9, 10), active in asym. hydrogenation of Et acetoacetate in 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium hexafluorophosphate (1), N,N-bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide (2), tetrafluoroborate (3), 1-butylpyridinium N,N-bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide (4), tricyclohexyl(tetradecyl)phosphonium chloride (5) and N,N-bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide (6) ionic liqs. at room temperature. Complete conversion and good selectivity were obtained. Recycling by simple extraction with pentane was also possible.

IT 681244-51-9

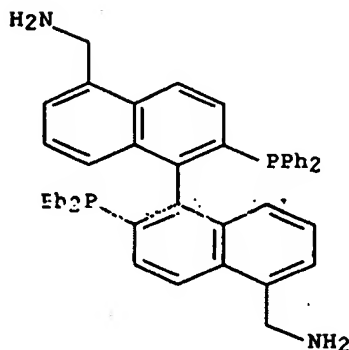
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES

(Uses)

(protonation, complexation; asym. hydrogenation of Et acetoacetate in ionic liqs. at room temperature in presence of ruthenium modified ammoniomethyl BINAP catalyst)

RN 681244-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 4 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:546440 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:107944

TITLE: Diphosphines, preparation and uses thereof for
manufacture of ligands for metal complex catalysts

INVENTOR(S): Lemaire, Marc; Saluzzo, Christine; Berthod, Mikael

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhodia Chimie, Fr.; Centre National de la Recherche
Scientifique

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 78 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004056483	A1	20040708	WO 2003-FR3782	20031217
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
FR 2849036	A1	20040625	FR 2002-16086	20021218
FR 2849036	B1	20050520		

FR 2853653	A1	20041015	FR 2003-4392	20030409
FR 2854405	A1	20041105	FR 2003-5255	20030429
CA 2509911	A1	20040708	CA 2003-2509911	20031217
AU 2003299336	A1	20040714	AU 2003-299336	20031217
EP 1633477	A1	20060315	EP 2003-799617	20031217
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
US 2007010695	A1	20070111	US 2006-539640	20060921
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 2002-16086	A 20021218
			FR 2003-4392	A 20030409
			FR 2003-5255	A 20030429
			WO 2003-FR3782	W 20031217

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:107944; MARPAT 141:107944

AB Binaphthyl-2,2'-diphosphines having groups in the 5 and 5' positions are manufactured and exhibit complexing ability with Rh, Ru, Re, Ir, Co, Ni, Pt, or Pd to form catalysts for reactions such as asym. hydrogenation. A typical asym. hydrogenation catalyst was manufactured by oxidation of (S)-BINAP, bromination of the resulting diphosphine oxide, reaction of the resulting diphosphine oxide 5,5'-dibromide with Cu(CN)₂, reduction of the resulting diphosphine oxide 5,5'-dicyanide with PhSiH₃, reduction of the resulting diphosphine 5,5'-dicyanide with LiAlH₄, polymerization of the resulting (S)-5,5'-bis(aminomethyl)BINAP with tolylene 2,6-diisocyanate, and complexing the resulting polyurea with Ru.

IT 681244-51-9P 701935-24-2P 701935-25-3P

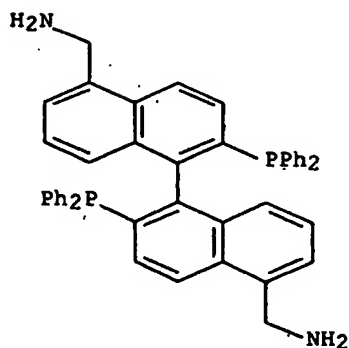
709640-82-4P 717137-70-7P 717908-79-7P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation);
USES (Uses)

(5,5'-disubstituted binaphthyldiphosphines for manufacture of monomeric and polymeric ligands for metal complex catalysts for asym. reactions)

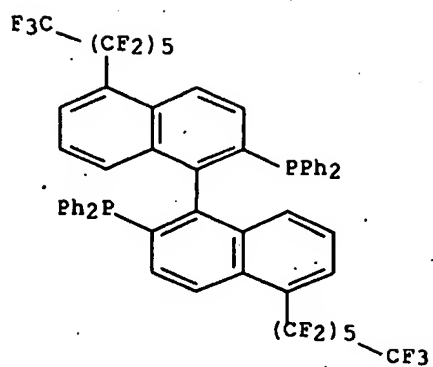
RN 681244-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



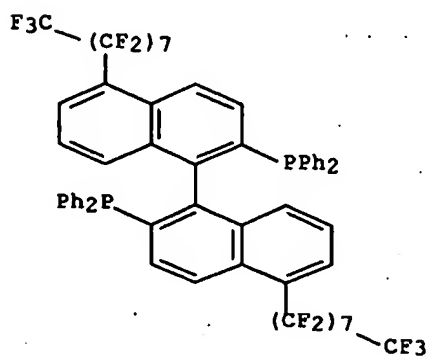
RN 701935-24-2 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, [(1R)-5,5'-bis(tridecafluorohexyl)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)]



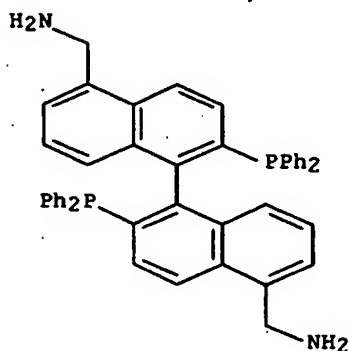
RN 701935-25-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, [(1R)-5,5'-bis(heptafluorooctyl)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 709640-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 717137-70-7 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[iminocarbonylimino(2-methyl-1,3-phenylene)iminocarbonyliminomethylene
 {(1S)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-5,5'-diyl)methylene]
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

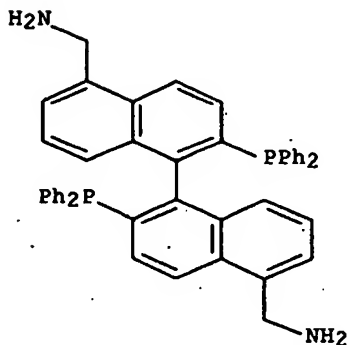
RN 717908-79-7 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
 (1S)-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanato-2-methylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

CM 1

CRN 709640-82-4

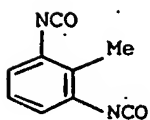
CMF C46 H38 N2 P2



CM 2

CRN 91-08-7

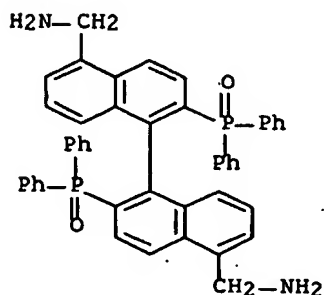
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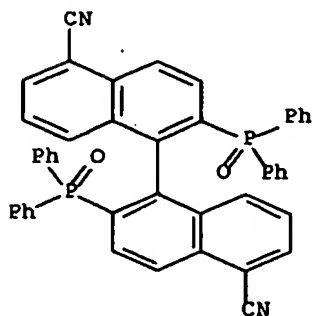
IT 717137-73-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (intermediate; 5,5'-disubstituted binaphthyldiphosphines for manufacture of
 monomeric and polymeric ligands for metal complex catalysts for asym.
 reactions)

RN 717137-73-0 HCAPLUS

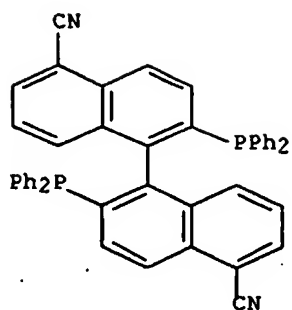
CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphinyl)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)IT 681244-41-7P 681244-45-1P 701935-19-5P
709640-80-2P 709640-81-3P 717908-78-6PRL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)(intermediate; 5,5'-disubstituted binaphthyldiphosphines for manufacture of
monomeric and polymeric ligands for metal complex catalysts for asym.
reactions)

RN 681244-41-7 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dicyanonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphinyl)-,
(1R) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

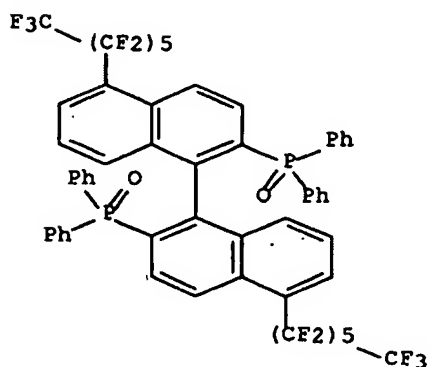
RN 681244-45-1 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dicyanonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1R) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



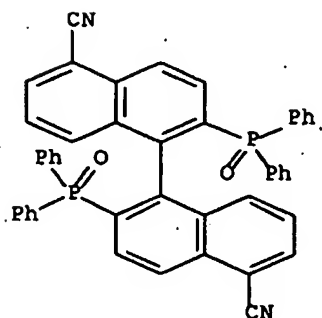
RN 701935-19-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, [(1R)-5,5'-bis(tridecafluorohexyl)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



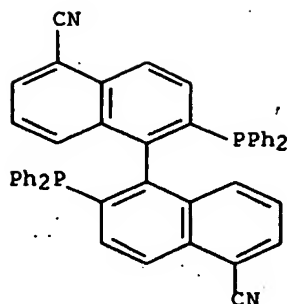
RN 709640-80-2 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dicarbonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphinyl)-, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

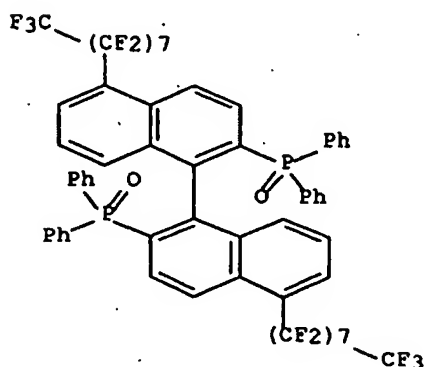


RN 709640-81-3 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dicarbonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 717908-78-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Phosphine oxide, [(1S)-5,5'-bis(heptafluorooctyl)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 5 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:515337 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:71716

TITLE: Chiral 5,5'-disubstituted binaphthyl diphosphines, processes for their preparation, and their uses as ligands in asymmetric hydrogenation catalysts
 INVENTOR(S): Lemaire, Marc; Saluzzo, Christine; Berthod, Mikael
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhodia Chimie, Fr.; Centre National De La Recherche Scientifique Cnrs
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 45 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

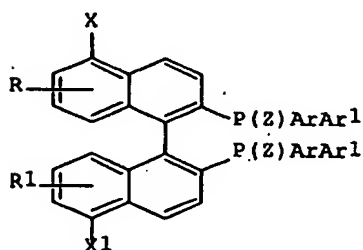
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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FR 2849036 A1 20040625 FR 2002-16086 20021218
 FR 2849036 B1 20050520
 CA 2509911 A1 20040708 CA 2003-2509911 20031217
 WO 2004056483 A1 20040708 WO 2003-FR3782 20031217
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
 CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
 GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
 LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO,
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 TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 AU 2003299336 A1 20040714 AU 2003-299336 20031217
 CN 1738679 A 20060222 CN 2003-80109027 20031217
 EP 1633477 A1 20060315 EP 2003-799617 20031217
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 IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
 US 2007010695 A1 20070111 US 2006-539640 20060921
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2002-16086 A 20021218
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 FR 2003-5255 A 20030429
 WO 2003-FR3782 W 20031217
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:71716; MARPAT 141:71716
 GI



I

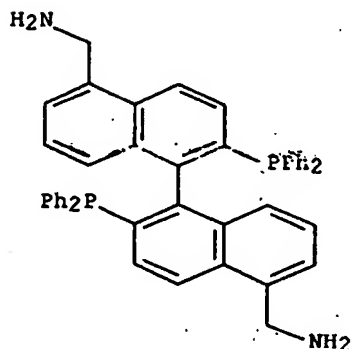
AB Racemic and optically active diphosphines I [Z = lone pair; R, R1 = H, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxy; Ar, Ar1 = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, preferably Ph; X, X1 = (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, Br, Cl, iodo, OH, CN, CH2NH2, CO2H or esters, CH2OH, NHNH2, N3, Mg, Li, etc.] and bis(phosphine oxide)s I [Z = O; same R, R1, Ar, Ar1; X, X1 = Cl, Br, iodo] useful, in their optically active form, as ligands for ruthenium, rhodium or iridium catalysts in asym. organic synthesis and in particular for enantioselective hydrogenation of C:C or C:O double bonds, are claimed, as are processes for preparation of I. In an example, treating 0.0235 mmol (S)- or (R)-I (Z = lone pair; R = R1 = H; Ar = Ar1 = Ph; X = X1 = CH2NH2; preparation given) in 1 mL CH2Cl2 with 0.0235 mmol bis(2-methylallyl)(1,5-cyclooctadiene)ruthenium for 30 min, followed by evaporation of solvent and addition of MeOH or EtOH solvent and Me or Et acetoacetate substrate with a substrate-to-catalyst ratio of 1000:1 and hydrogenation at 40 bar H2 at 50° for 15 h gave 100% conversions to the corresponding alc. with >99% ee, where the configuration of the alc. product depended on the chirality of I used.

IT 681244-51-9P 709640-82-4P

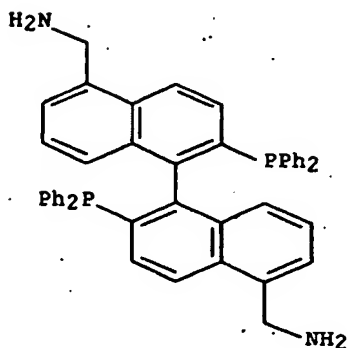
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
USES (Uses)

(preparation of chiral binaphthyl diphosphines, and their uses as ligands
in
asym. hydrogenation catalysts)

RN 681244-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

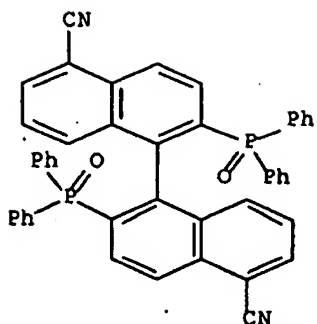
RN 709640-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)IT 681244-41-7P 681244-45-1P 709640-80-2P
709640-81-3PRL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of chiral binaphthyl diphosphines, and their uses as ligands
in
asym. hydrogenation catalysts)

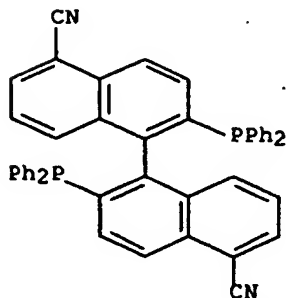
RN 681244-41-7 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dicarbonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphinyl)-,
(1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



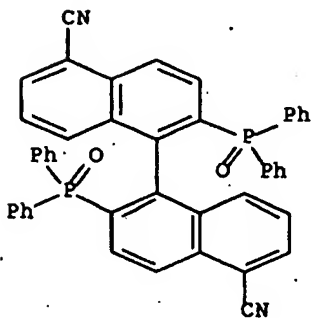
RN 681244-45-1 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dicarbonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



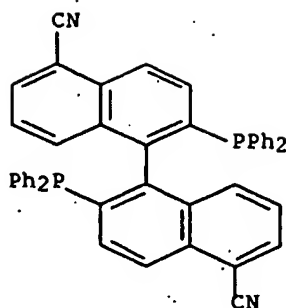
RN 709640-80-2 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dicarbonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 709640-81-3 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dicarbonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 6 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:270947 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:38419

TITLE: New perfluoroalkylated BINAP usable as a ligand in homogeneous and supercritical carbon dioxide asymmetric hydrogenation

AUTHOR(S): Berthod, Mikael; Mignani, Ger ard; Lemaire, Marc
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Catalyse et de Synth se Organique, UCBL, UMR 5181, Villeurbanne, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron: Asymmetry (2004), 15(7), 1121-1126
 CODEN: TASYE3; ISSN: 0957-4166

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:38419

AB New perfluoroalkylated BINAP ligands were synthesized in four steps from enantiomerically pure BINAP. For example, (+)-(1R)-[5,5'-bis(perfluorohexyl)-1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[diphenylphosphine] (I) was prepared starting from (1R)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[diphenylphosphine] by bromination and subsequent fluoroalkylation. The [(1,2,5,6- )-1,5-cyclooctadiene]bis[(1,2,3- )-2-methyl-2-propenyl]ruthenium-catalyzed hydrogenation of (2Z)-2-(acetylamino)-2-butenic acid Me ester in the presence of I as chiral ligand using supercrit. carbon dioxide as solvent and trifluorotoluene as co-solvent gave 2-(acetylamino)butanoic acid Me ester in 74% enantiomeric excess. The new ligands were used in the homogeneous asym. hydrogenation of Et acetoacetate in ethanol and in the asym. hydrogenation of Me 2-acetamidoacrylate in supercrit. carbon dioxide. In supercrit. media, the addition and nature of a co-solvent have been discussed. Very good conversion and selectivity were obtained in each case.

IT 701935-24-2P 701935-25-3P

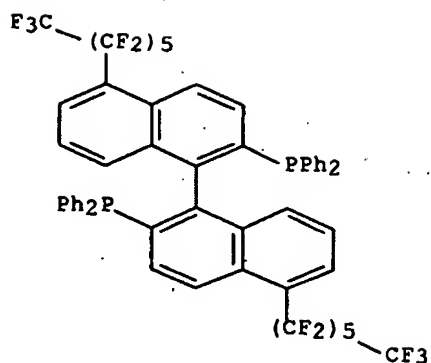
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
 USES (Uses)

(preparation of chiral

[bis(perfluorohexyl)binaphthalene]diylbis[diphenylphosphine] as ligands for ruthenium-catalyzed stereoselective hydrogenation)

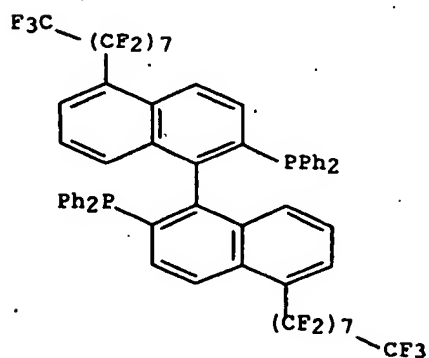
RN 701935-24-2 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, [(1R)-5,5'-bis(tridecafluorohexyl)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 701935-25-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, [(1R)-5,5'-bis(heptafluorooctyl)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)]



IT 701935-19-5P 701935-21-9P

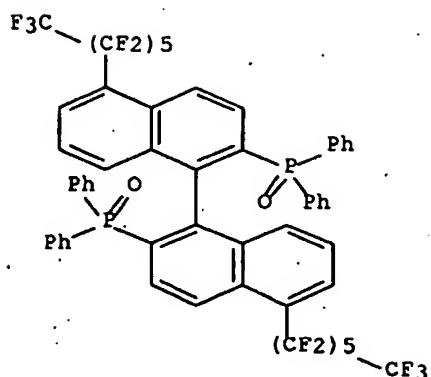
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of chiral

[bis(perfluorohexyl)binaphthalene]diylbis[diphenylphosphine] as ligands for ruthenium-catalyzed stereoselective hydrogenation)

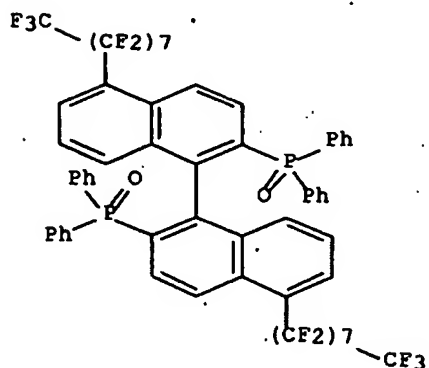
RN 701935-19-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, [(1R)-5,5'-bis(tridecafluorohexyl)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)]



RN 701935-21-9 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, [(1R)-5,5'-bis(heptafluorooctyl)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 7 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:106245 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:357425

TITLE: 4,4' and 5,5'-DiamBINAP as a hydrosoluble chiral ligand: syntheses and use in Ru(II) asymmetric biphasic catalytic hydrogenation

AUTHOR(S): Berthod, Mikael; Saluzzo, Christine; Mignani, Gerard; Lemaire, Marc

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Catalyse et de Synthese Organique, UCBL, UMR 5181, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron: Asymmetry (2004), 15(4), 639-645

CODEN: TASYE3; ISSN: 0957-4166

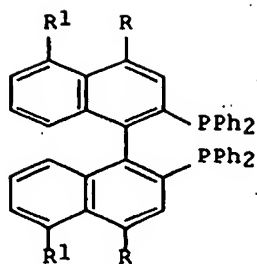
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

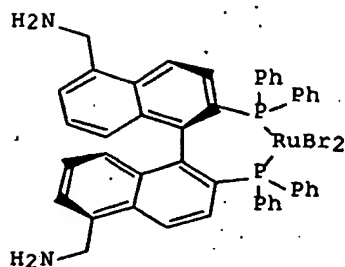
LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:357425

GI



I



II

AB 4,4' And 5,5'-di(aminomethyl)BINAP (S)-I (R = H₂NCH₂; R₁ = H) and (R)-I (R = H; R₁ = H₂NCH₂) are prepared in five steps from enantiomerically pure BINAP; derived ruthenium (II) catalysts such as II•2HBr are found to be water-soluble and enantioselective catalysts for the hydrogenation of β -keto esters in biphasic water-substrate solns. to give nonracemic β -hydroxy esters in 100% conversion and 96-99% ee. Oxidation of BINAP enantiomers with hydrogen peroxide yields the bis(phosphine oxide) of BINAP. Regioselective bromination of BINAP P,P'-dioxide with bromine and pyridine in methylene chloride yields the 4,4'-dibromide in 76% yield; bromination of BINAP P,P'-dioxide with bromine and iron in 1,2-dichloroethane at 80° yields the 5,5'-dibromide in 81% yield. Coupling of the dibromides with copper (I) cyanide in DMF yields the dinitriles; using the reagent combination of phenylsilane and trichlorosilane, the phosphine oxides are reduced to the phosphines in quant. yield. Reduction of the nitriles with lithium aluminum hydride yields the products I. Treatment of I with aqueous hydrobromic acid followed by addition of the ruthenium complex Ru(μ 4-1,5-COD)(μ 3-CH₂CMe:CH₂)₂ and hydrobromic acid in acetone yields water-soluble ruthenium catalysts such as II in quant. yield. Hydrogenation of Me and Et acetoacetate and Me benzoylacetate with catalysts such as II in methanol, ethanol, or water (in which the substrate forms a second phase) at 40 bar hydrogen pressure and 50° for 15 h yields the corresponding β -hydroxy esters in 100% conversion and 96-99% ee.

IT 681244-41-7P 681244-45-1P 681244-51-9P

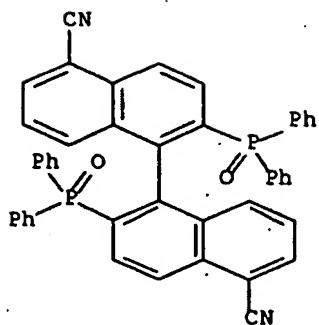
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of nonracemic di(aminomethyl)BINAP ligands using regioselective

bromination and chemoselective phosphine oxide reduction as key steps and the use of the ligands in enantioselective hydrogenation of β -keto esters)

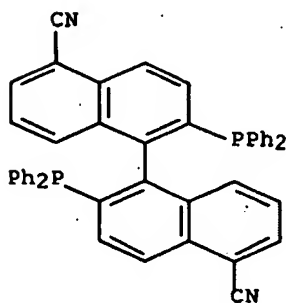
RN 681244-41-7 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dicarbonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphinyl)-, (1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



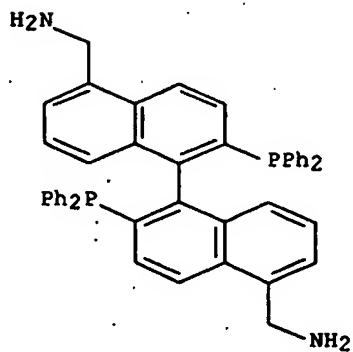
RN 681244-45-1 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dicarbonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 681244-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

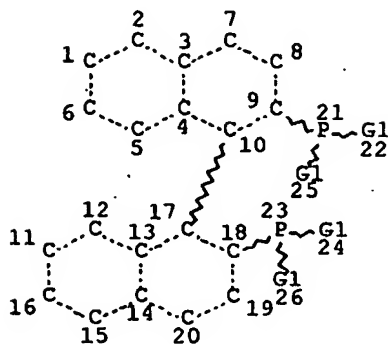


REFERENCE COUNT:

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THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

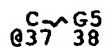
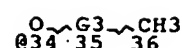
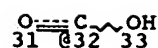
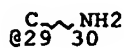
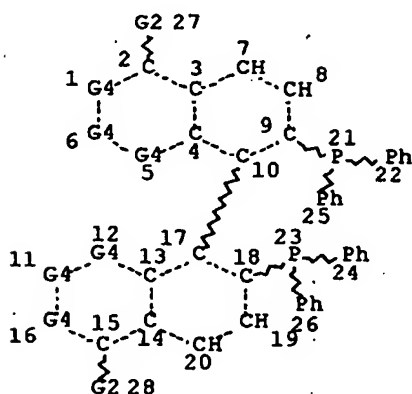
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
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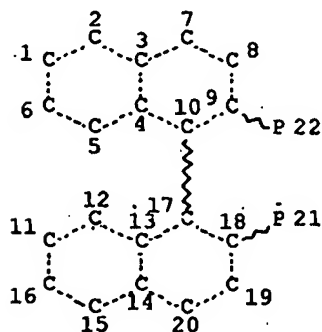


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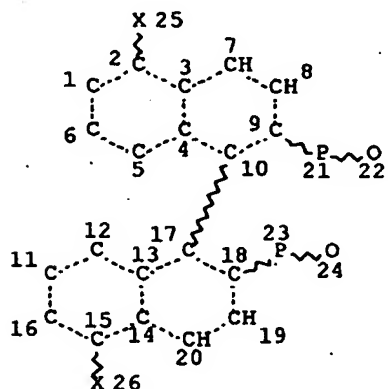


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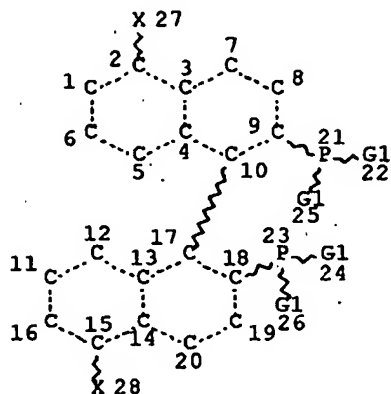
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L26 STR



VAR G1=AK/CY

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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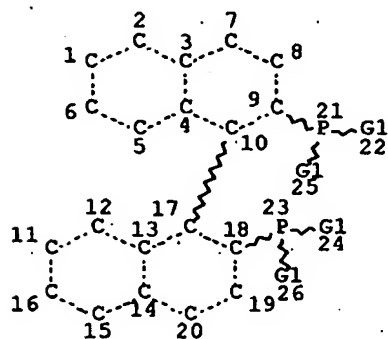
L30 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24

L31 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L27

L33 0 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L30 OR L31) NOT L17

=> => d stat que 142

L2 STR



VAR G1=AK/CY

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

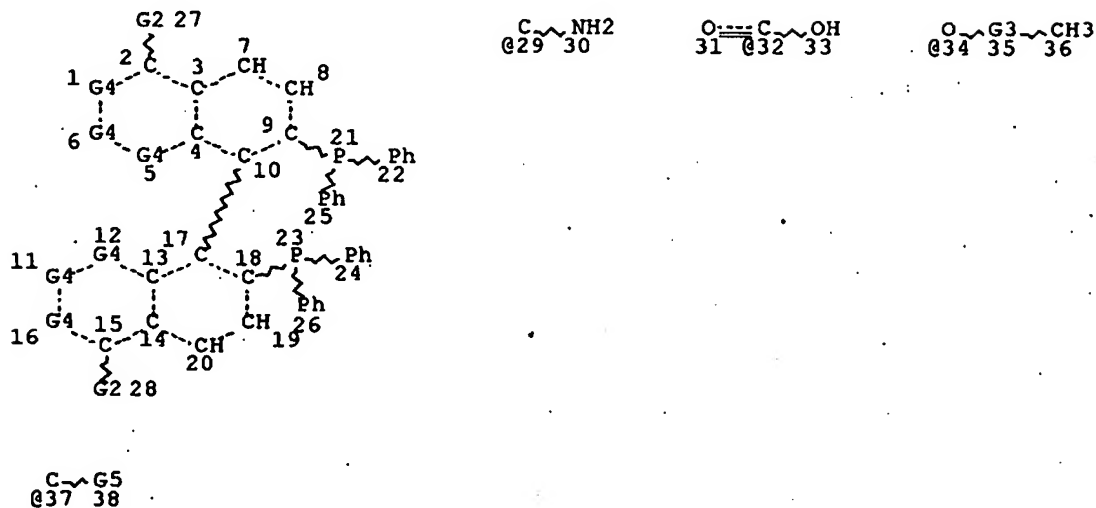
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L4 563 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L2
L14 STR



VAR G2=AK/CN/29/32

REP G3=(0-3) C

VAR G4=CH/37

VAR G5=AK/34

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

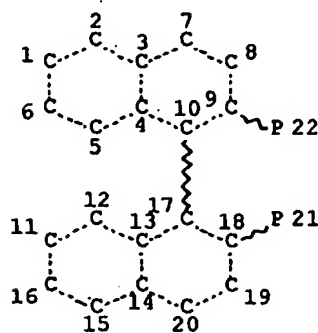
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 38

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L16 18 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 SSS FUL L14

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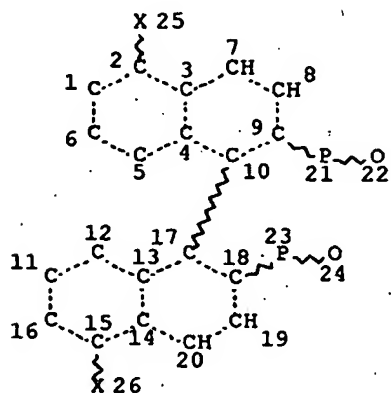
L19 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
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 NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

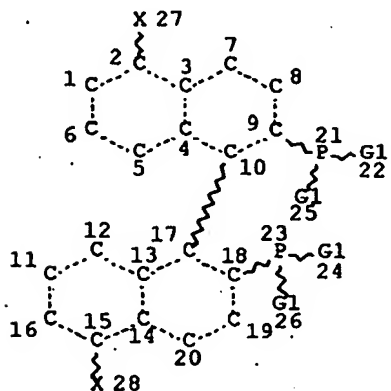
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
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 L23 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
 L24 3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L21 SSS FUL L23
 L25 550 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 NOT L24
 L26 STR



VAR G1=AK/CY
 NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 28

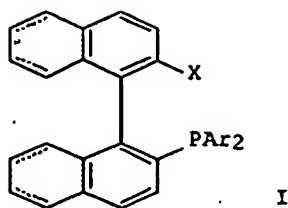
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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 L28 540 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 NOT (L16 OR L27)
 L29 1674 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25.
 L30 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24
 L31 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L27
 L33 0 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L30 OR L31) NOT L17
 L34 215 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28/P
 L35 211 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L34
 L36 116181 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (HALOGENATION/CV OR "HALOGENAT
 ION (L) AGENTS"/CV OR "HALOGENATING AGENTS"/CV OR "OXIDATIVE
 HALOGENATION"/CV OR BROMINATION/CV OR CHLORINATION/CV OR
 FLUORINATION/CV OR IODINATION/CV OR "HALOGENATION CATALYSTS"/CV
 OR "HALOGENATION KINETICS"/CV OR HALOGENS/CV) OR ?HALOGENAT?
 L37 1280589 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("REDOX REACTION"/CV OR
 REDUCTION/CV) OR ?REDUCT?
 L40 5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L36 AND L37
 L41 4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 NOT (L17 OR L33)
 L42 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L41 AND L35

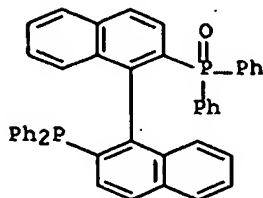
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L42 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:304138 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:16234
 TITLE: Preparation of optically active binaphthyl and
 octahydrobinaphthyl bis(phosphine) ligands
 INVENTOR(S): Zhang, Xiaoyaong; Sayo, Noboru
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takasago International Corp., Japan
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 17 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 839819	A1	19980506	EP 1997-402528	19971024
EP 839819	B1	20030917		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 10120692	A	19980512	JP 1996-282157	19961024
JP 3445451	B2	20030908		
US 5922918	A	19990713	US 1997-957020	19971024
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1996-282157	A 19961024
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 129:16234; MARPAT 129:16234			
GI				

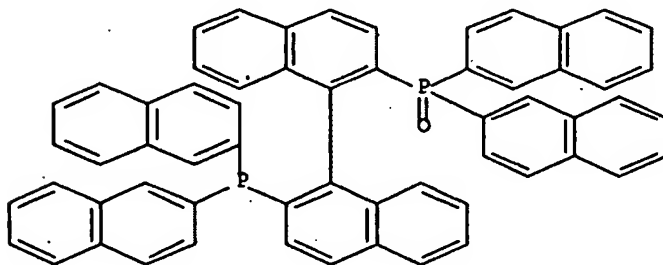


- AB Compound I ($X = PAr_2$), ligand of a catalyst complex useful for asym. syntheses, was prepared in an economical way by reacting compound I ($X = OTf$) with phosphine oxides $Ar_2P(O)H$ in the presence of a transition metal/phosphine complex. In I, the double line consisting of a continuous line and a dotted line signifies either a double bond or a single bond, resp. forming part of a naphthalene ring or an octahydronaphthalene ring depending on whether the naphthalene ring was subjected to the reduction or not; Tf represents a trifluoromethanesulfonyl group; and Ar represents a Ph group, a substituted Ph group (bearing 1 to 3 substituents which may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of halogen atoms, lower alkyl group, lower alkoxy group and halogenated lower alkyl group) or a naphthyl group which may bear a lower alkyl or lower alkoxy substituent. For example, (S)-2,2'-bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyloxy)-1,1'-binaphthyl was reacted with bis(2-naphthyl)phosphine oxide in the presence of $Pd(OAc)_2$, $Ph_2P(CH_2)_3PPh_2$, NaO_2CH and iPr_2EtN in DMSO to give 75% (S)-2-bis(2-naphthyl)phosphinyl-2'-(trifluoromethanesulfonyloxy)-1,1'-binaphthyl (1). 1 Was reduced to the phosphino analog (2) using Cl_3SiH and dimethylaniline in toluene in 84% yield. 2 Was substituted with bis(2-naphthyl)phosphine oxide in DMF in the presence of $Ni(dppe)Cl_2$ and DABCO to give 56% (S)-2-bis(2-naphthyl)phosphino-2'-bis(2-naphthyl)phosphinyl-1,1'-binaphthyl (3). 3 Was reduced similarly to 1 to give (S)-2,2'-bis(bis(2-naphthyl)phosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl in 87% yield.
- IT 152646-80-5P, (R)-2-Diphenylphosphino-2'-diphenylphosphinyl-1,1'-binaphthyl 190896-71-0P, (S)-2-(Bis(2-naphthyl)phosphino)-2'-(bis(2-naphthyl)phosphinyl)-1,1'-binaphthyl
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (intermediate for preparation of optically active bis(phosphine))
- RN 152646-80-5 HCAPLUS
- CN Phosphine oxide, [(1R)-2'-(diphenylphosphino)[1,1'-binaphthalen]-2-yl]diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 190896-71-0 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, [(1S)-2'-(di-2-naphthalenylphosphino)[1,1'-binaphthalen]-2-yl]di-2-naphthalenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

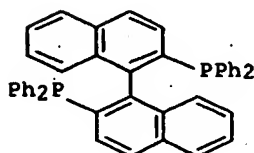


IT 76189-55-4P, (R)-2,2'-Bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl
 190896-72-1P, (S)-2,2'-Bis(bis(2-naphthyl)phosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

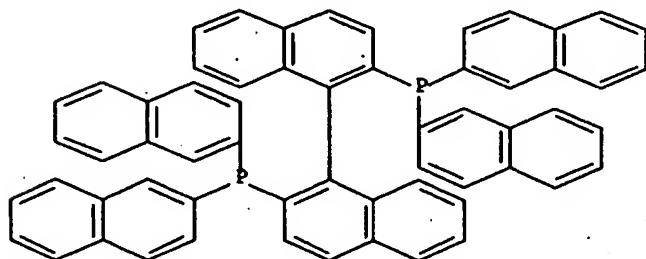
RN 76189-55-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[(1R)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[1,1-diphenyl-
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 190896-72-1 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, (1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[di-2-naphthalenyl- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT:

5

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L42 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:433402 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:50792
 TITLE: Method for producing optically active diphosphines for
 use as ligands of ruthenium and rhodium asym.
 hydrogenation catalysts
 INVENTOR(S): Sayo, Noboru; Zhang, Xiaoyong; Oh, Tatsuya; Yoshida,
 Akifumi; Yokozawa, Tohru
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takasago International Corporation, Japan
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 19.pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 771812	A1	19970507	EP 1996-402306	19961030
EP 771812	B1	20031210		
R: CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
JP 09124669	A	19970513	JP 1995-305211	19951031
JP 3770639	B2	20060426		
US 5693868	A	19971202	US 1996-740506	19961030
JP 2005343903	A	20051215	JP 2005-215523	20050726
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1995-305211	A 19951031
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 127:50792			

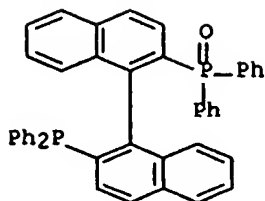
AB The present invention provides a method for producing novel optically active diphosphine compds. [e.g., 2,2'-bis(di-substituted phosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl compds.] that have selectivity such as chemoselectivity or enantioselectivity and catalytic activity different from those possessed by conventional BINAP compds. In a method of the present invention for producing an optically active diphosphine compound, i. e. 2,2-bis(di-substituted phosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl, 2,2'- bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyloxy)-1,1'-binaphthyl (1) is reacted, in the presence of a transition metal-phosphine complex, with a phosphine oxide compound expressed by the following general formula, A₂P(O)H wherein A indicates a Ph group; a mono- to trisubstituted Ph group, wherein each substituent in the substituted Ph group is individually selected from halogen atoms, lower alkyl groups, lower alkoxy groups or lower halogenated-alkoxy groups such that one or more of the substituents may be the same or different; a naphthyl group; a lower-alkyl naphthyl group; or a lower-alkoxy naphthyl group. E.g., (S)-1 reacts with NiCl₂(dppe) and N-methylpiperidine in DMF solvent at room temperature for 15 mins. and 100° for another 15 mins. followed by addition of di(2-naphthyl)phosphine oxide to give (S)-2-di(2-naphthyl)phosphinyl-2'- di(2-naphthyl)phosphino-1,1'-binaphthyl (2) in 40% yield. 2 Is reduced by Cl₃SiH/dimethylaniline/toluene to give (S)-2,2'-bis[di(2-naphthyl)phosphino]-1,1'-binaphthyl (3) in 87% yield. 3 Reacts with [Ru(p-cymene)I₂]₂ to give [RuI(p-cymene)(3)]I which catalyzes the asym. reduction of Me 2-benzamidemethyl-3-oxobutyrate to give syn and anti-alcs. in 87:13 ratio.

IT 152646-80-5P 190896-71-0P 190896-85-6P
 190896-86-7P 190896-87-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and reduction in the presence of trichlorosilane to give optically active diphosphine)

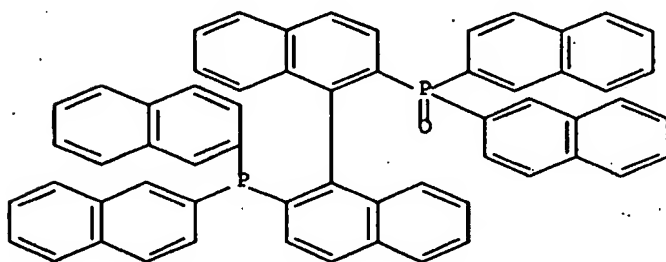
RN 152646-80-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, [(1R)-2'-(diphenylphosphino)[1,1'-binaphthalen]-2-yl]diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



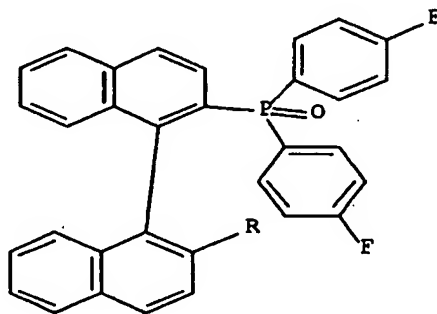
RN 190896-71-0 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, [(1S)-2'-(di-2-naphthalenylphosphino)[1,1'-binaphthalen]-2-yl]di-2-naphthalenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

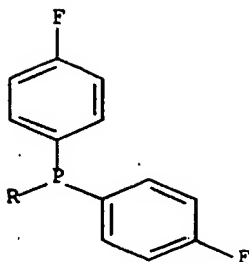


RN 190896-85-6 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, [2'-[bis(4-fluorophenyl)phosphino][1,1'-binaphthalen]-2-yl]bis(4-fluorophenyl)-, (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

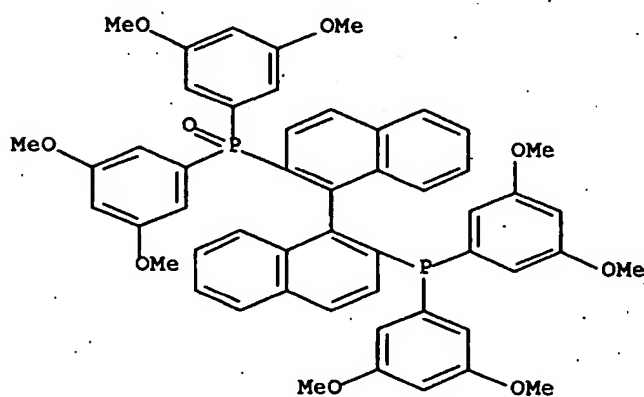


PAGE 1-A



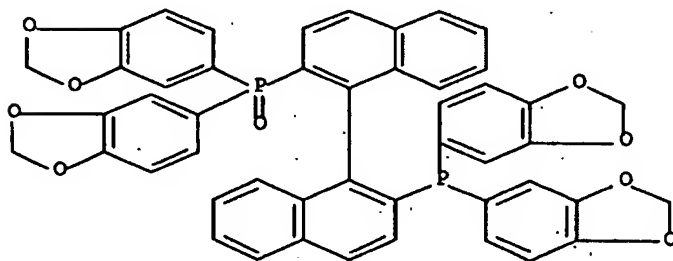
RN 190896-86-7 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, [2'-[bis(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)phosphino][1,1'-binaphthalen]-2-yl]bis(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-, (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 190896-87-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, bis(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)[2'-[bis(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)phosphino][1,1'-binaphthalen]-2-yl]-, (-)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



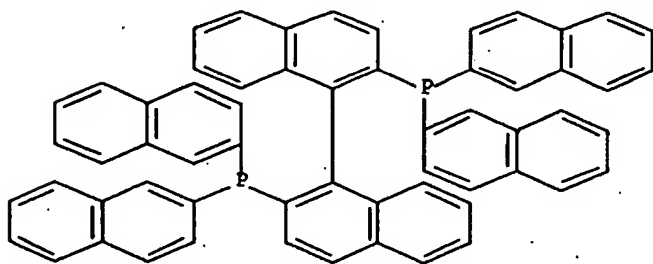
IT 190896-72-1P 190896-91-4P 190896-92-5P
191031-48-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and substitution reactions with ruthenium and rhodium)

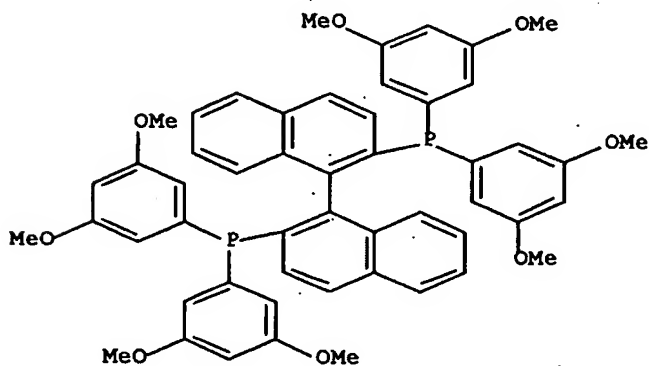
complexes)

RN 190896-72-1 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, (1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[di-2-naphthalenyl]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

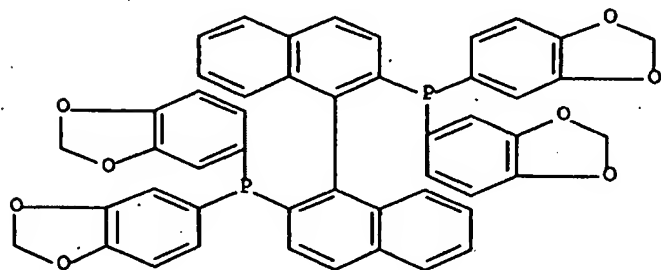
RN 190896-91-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, [1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[bis(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

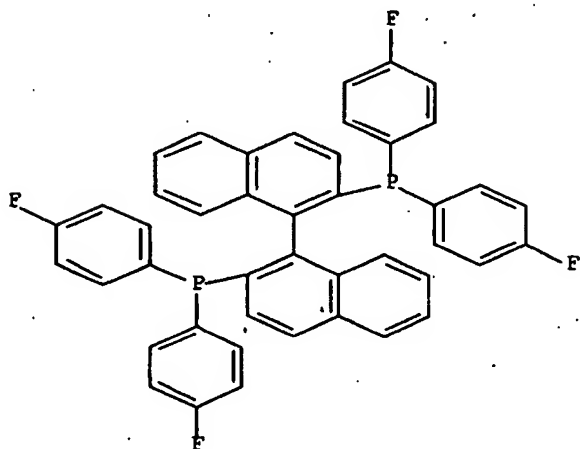


RN 190896-92-5 HCAPLUS

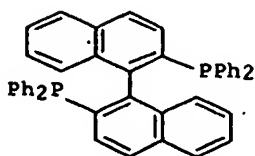
CN Phosphine, [1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[bis(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



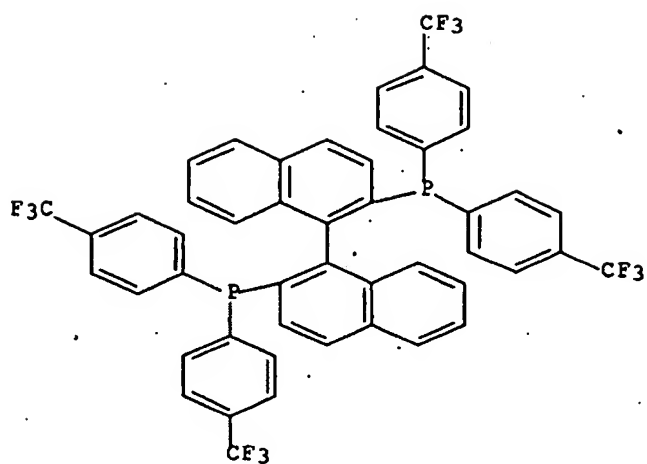
RN 191031-48-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Phosphine, [1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[bis(4-fluorophenyl)-, (R)-
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



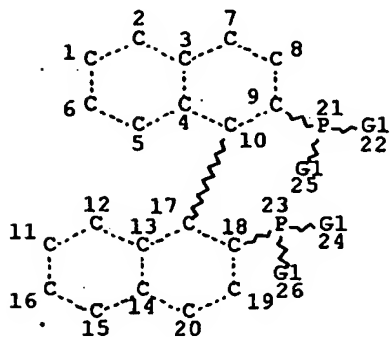
IT 76189-55-4P 190896-75-4P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 76189-55-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[(1R)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[1,1-diphenyl-
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 190896-75-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Phosphine, (1R)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



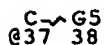
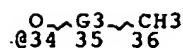
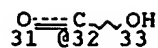
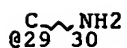
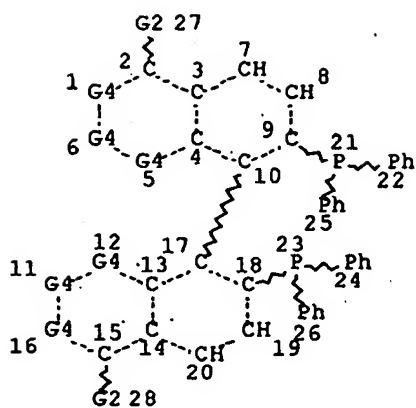
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L2 STR



VAR G1=AK/CY
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L4 563 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L2
L14 STR



VAR G2=AK/CN/29/32

REP G3=(0-3). C

VAR G4=CH/37

VAR G5=AK/34

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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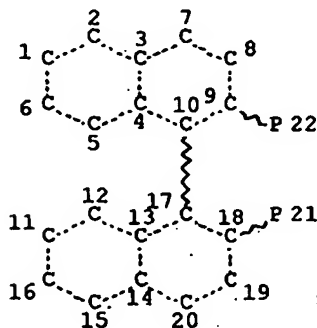
NUMBER OF NODES IS 38

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L16 18 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 SSS FUL L14

L17 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L16

L19 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

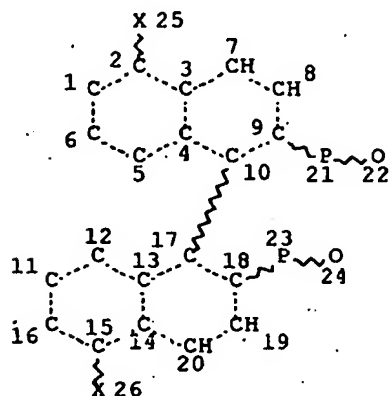
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

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L23 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

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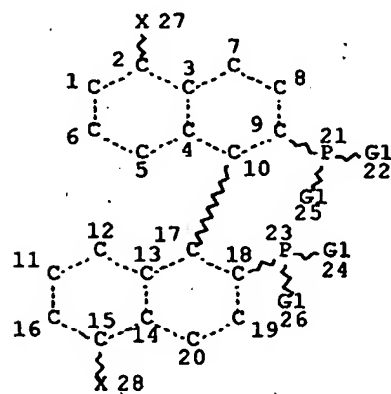
NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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L25 550 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 NOT L24

L26 STR



VAR G1=AK/CY

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 28

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L27 5 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 SSS FUL L26
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 L29 1674 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25
 L30 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24
 L31 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L27
 L32 1680 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28
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 L34 215 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28/P
 L35 211 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L34
 L36 116181 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (HALOGENATION/CV OR "HALOGENAT
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 HALOGENATION"/CV OR BROMINATION/CV OR CHLORINATION/CV OR
 FLUORINATION/CV OR IODINATION/CV OR "HALOGENATION CATALYSTS"/CV
 OR "HALOGENATION KINETICS"/CV OR HALOGENS/CV) OR ?HALOGENAT?
 L37 1280589 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("REDOX REACTION"/CV OR
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 L43 22 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L36 AND L32
 L44 5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 AND L37 AND L32
 L45 16 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L43 OR L44) NOT (L17 OR L33
 OR L42)

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L45 ANSWER 1 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:351053 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:393725

TITLE: Preparation of diphosphine ligand and transition metal
complex using the same for asymmetric synthesis
reaction

INVENTOR(S): Yamano, Mitsuhisa; Goto, Mitsutaka; Kawaguchi, Shinji;
Yamada, Masatoshi; Kawakami, Jun-Ichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Pharmaceutical Company Limited, Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 96pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007034975	A1	20070329	WO 2006-JP319095	20060920
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,			

GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2005-272599

A 20050920

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 146:393725

GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Title compds. I [R1 = H, (un)substituted alkyl; R2, R3 = (un)substituted alkyl; or ring B = Q1; ring A = (un)substituted cycle; except 2,2'-bis[bis(4-dimethylaminophenyl)phosphino]-1,1'-binaphthyl] or salts thereof were prepared. For example, reaction of (S)-2,2'-bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyloxy)-1,1'-binaphthyl with bis(4-dimethylamino-3,5-dimethylphenyl)phosphine-borane complex, e.g., prepared from 4-bromo-2,6-dimethylaniline in 3 steps, in the presence of [1,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ethane]dichloronickel afforded compound II, which was converted into dichloro [(S)-2,2'-bis[bis(4-dimethylamino-3,5-dimethylphenyl)phosphino]-1,1'-binaphthyl]ruthenium(II)-DMF complex (III) by treatment with di- μ -chlorobis[(η 6-benzene)chlororuthenium(II)]. Asym. hydrogenation of 1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethanone using compound III and (2S)-(+)-1,1-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1,2-butanediame afforded (R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethanol in 96.6% yield and 96.4% ee. Compds. I showed high enantioselectivity and catalytic efficiency in asym. hydrogenation and fluorination.

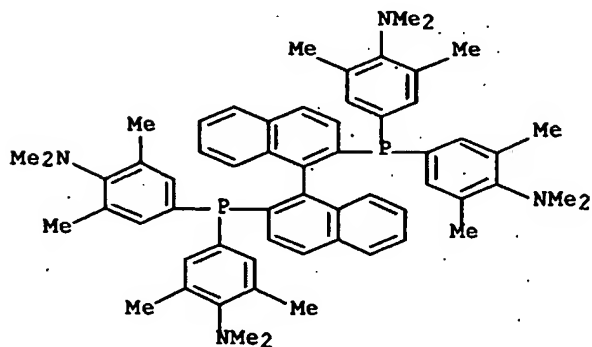
IT 930781-36-5 930781-37-6 930781-38-7

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(preparation of diphosphine-transition metal complex as asym. hydrogenation and fluorination catalyst)

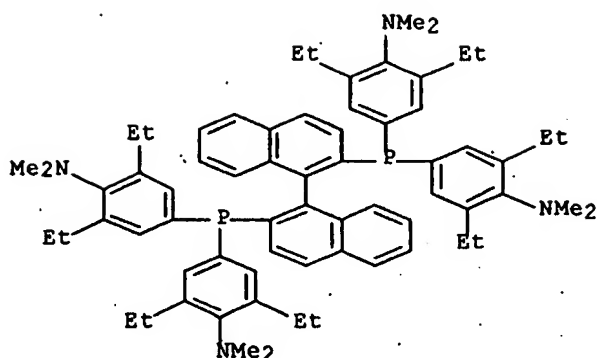
RN 930781-36-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4',4'',4'''-([1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl)diphosphinidyne)tetrakis[N,N,2,6-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)]

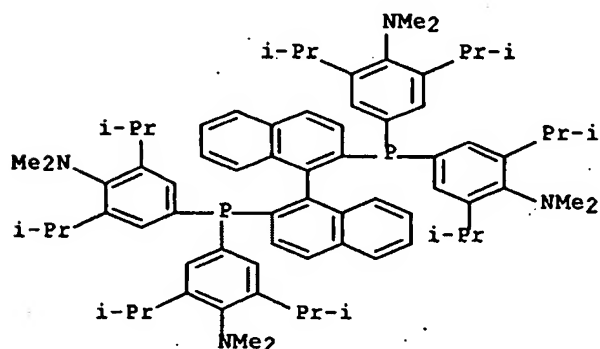


RN 930781-37-6 HCAPLUS

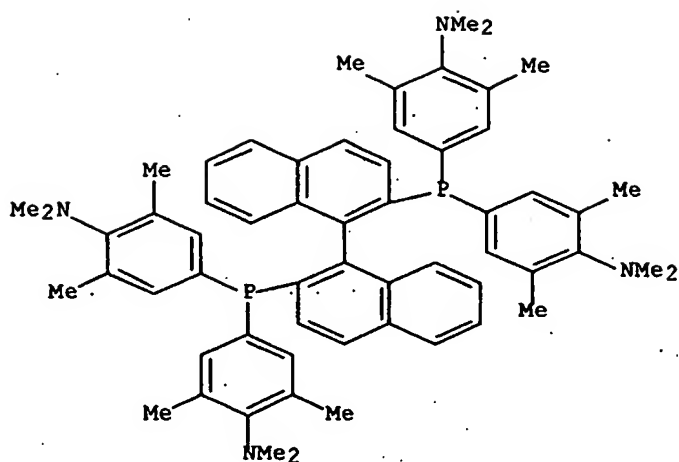
CN Benzenamine, 4,4',4'',4'''-([1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl)diphosphinidyne)tetrakis[2,6-diethyl-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)]



RN 930781-38-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzenamine, 4,4',4'',4'''-([1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-
 diyldiphosphinidyne)tetrakis[N,N-dimethyl-2,6-bis(1-methylethyl)- (CA
 INDEX NAME)

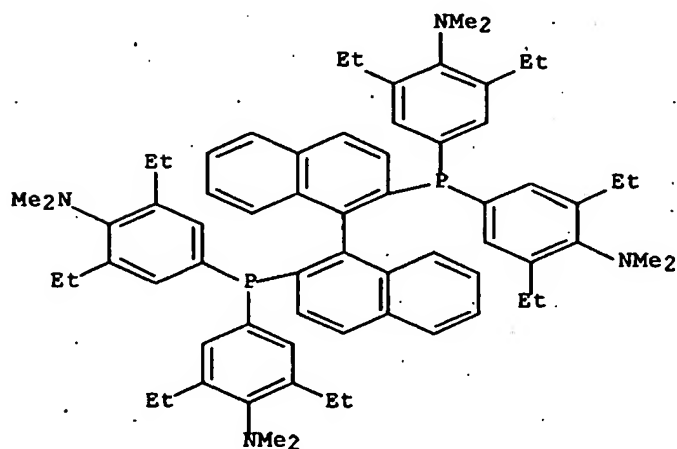


IT 930784-40-0P 930784-41-1P 930784-42-2P
 930784-43-3P 930784-44-4P
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of diphosphine-transition metal complex as asym. hydrogenation
 and fluorination catalyst)
 RN 930784-40-0 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzenamine, 4,4',4'',4'''-([1S]-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-
 diyldiphosphinidyne)tetrakis[N,N,2,6-tetramethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



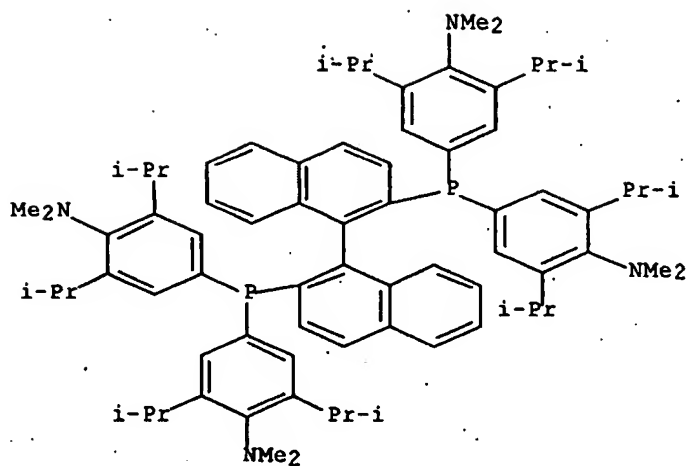
RN 930784-41-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4',4'',4'''-[(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyldiphosphinidyne]tetrakis[2,6-diethyl-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



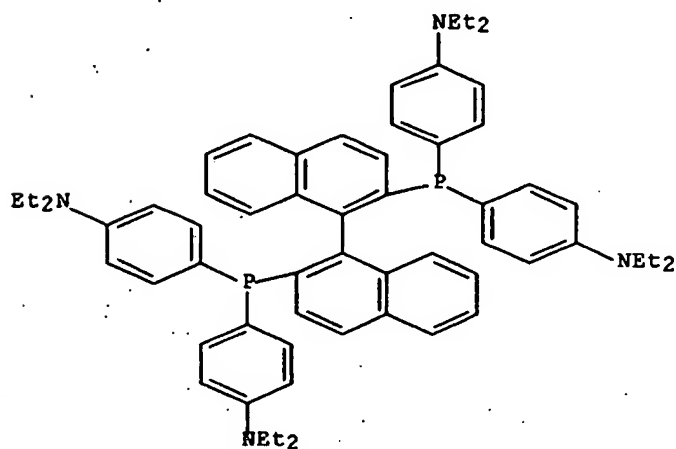
RN 930784-42-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4',4'',4'''-[(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyldiphosphinidyne]tetrakis[N,N-dimethyl-2,6-bis(1-methylethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 930784-43-3 HCAPLUS

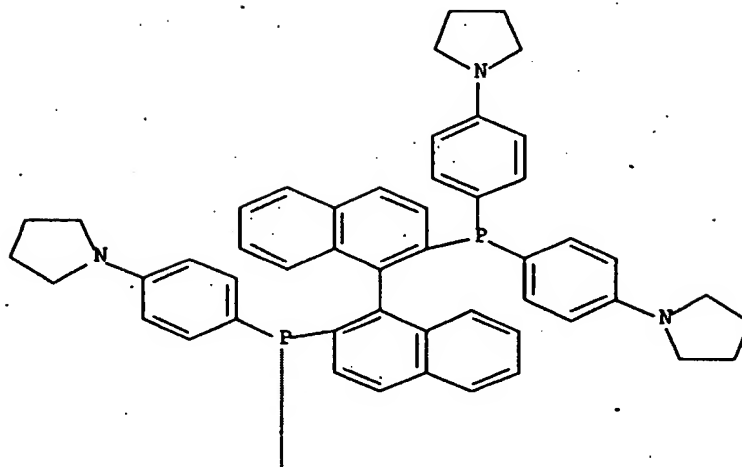
CN Benzenamine, 4,4',4'',4'''-[(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis(phosphinidyne)]tetrakis[N,N-diethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)]



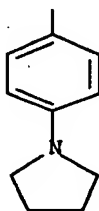
RN 930784-44-4 HCAPLUS

CN Pyrrolidine, 1,1',1'',1'''-[(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis(phosphinidyne)]tetrakis- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



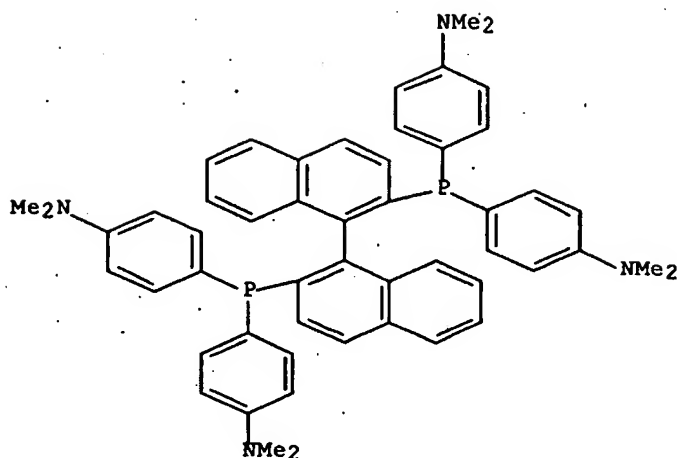
IT 541502-06-1P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
 USES (Uses)

(preparation of diphosphine-transition metal complex as asym. hydrogenation
 and fluorination catalyst)

RN 541502-06-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4',4'',4'''-[(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-
 diyldiphosphinidyne]tetrakis[N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 2 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1345314 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:337532

TITLE: A new entry to *o,o'*-dihalogenated

deoxybenzoins by palladium-catalyzed α -arylation of 2'-chloroacetophenones

AUTHOR(S): Carril, Monica; SanMartin, Raul; Dominguez, Esther; Tellitu, Imanol

CORPORATE SOURCE: Kimika Organikoa II Saila. Zientzia eta Teknologia Fakultatea, Euskal Herriko Unibertsitatea, Bizkaia, Spain

SOURCE: ARKIVOC (Gainesville, FL, United States) (2007), (4), 270-278

CODEN: AGFUAR

URL: http://www.arkat-usa.org/ARKIVOC/JOURNAL_CONTENT/manuscripts/2007/JB-2024JP%20as%20published%20mainmanuscript.pdf

PUBLISHER: Arkat USA Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; (online computer file)

LANGUAGE: English

AB The palladium-catalyzed arylation reaction is a valid, advantageous tool for the construction of *o,o'*-dihalo-1,2-diarylethanones. After an exhaustive range of assays the arylation of 2'-chloroacetophenones is performed in good yields, thus overcoming the handicap imposed by the presence of the ortho-chloro substituent and controlling the regioselective monoarylation with dibromoarenes.

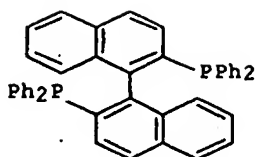
IT 98327-87-8, BINAP

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(*o,o'*-dihalogenated deoxybenzoins by palladium-catalyzed α -arylation of 2'-chloroacetophenones)

RN 98327-87-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[1,1-diphenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 3 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1110697 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:192826

TITLE: Synthesis of N,N,N',N'-tetrasubstituted 1,3-bis(4-aminophenyl)azulenes and their application to a hole-injecting material in organic electroluminescent devices

AUTHOR(S): Thanh, Nguyen Chung; Ikai, Masamichi; Kajiooka, Takanori; Fujikawa, Hisayoshi; Taga, Yasunori; Zhang, Yanmei; Ogawa, Satoshi; Shimada, Hiroko; Miyahara, Yosuke; Kuroda, Shigeyasu; Oda, Mitsunori

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Applied Chemistry, Faculty of Engineering, University of Toyama, Toyama, 930-8555, Japan

SOURCE: Tetrahedron (2006), 62(48), 11227-11239.

CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 146:192826

AB After a preliminary search of the reaction conditions for the Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling of haloazulenes with arylboronic acids, the title compds. were synthesized either by the direct coupling reaction between 1,3-dihaloazulene and the corresponding N,N-disubstituted 4-aminophenylboronic acids or by a two-step sequence involving the cross-coupling with 4-bromophenylboronic acid and subsequent Pd-catalyzed amination. Application of the title diamines to a hole-injecting material in organic electroluminescent devices was carried out to provide their prominent characteristics as a novel durable, non-cyanine and non-polyamine substance without color fade. The diamine derivs., extended by an ethynyl unit between the azulenyl core and the 4-aminophenyl moiety, were also synthesized and found, unfortunately, unsuitable for vacuum deposition in preparing a multilayer composite.

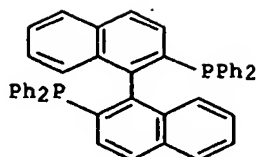
IT 98327-87-8, BINAP

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(Suzuki catalyst additive; synthesis of N,N,N',N'-tetrasubstituted 1,3-bis(4-aminophenyl)azulenes and their application to a hole-injecting material in organic electroluminescent devices)

RN 98327-87-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[1,1-diphenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 93 THERE ARE 93 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 4 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1020733 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:306189
 TITLE: Preparation of pyridinecarboxamides with recyclable catalysts and without the use of halogenation agents
 INVENTOR(S): Shimazu, Hidetaka; Tamashima, Tomoyuki
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Koei Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

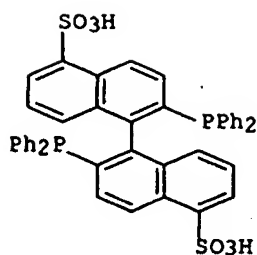
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005255544	A	20050922	JP 2004-65682	20040309
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-65682	20040309

AB Pyridinecarboxamides are prepared by isomerization of pyridinealoximes in multiphase solvent mixts. in the presence of (A) mixts. of hydrophilic phosphines and transition metals, or (B) water-soluble complexes comprising the phosphines and metals. Thus, 4-pyridinealoxime was refluxed with sulfonated BINAP and RuCl₂(cod) in 1-butyl-4-methylimidazolium PF₆ salt and C₆H₆ for 24 h, then the ionic liquid was recovered, which was used in the same reaction 4 more times. Total yield of 4-pyridinecarboxamide was 94.5%.

IT 864956-92-3P, Disodium 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-5,5'-disulfonate
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
 USES (Uses)
 (preparation of pyridinecarboxamides from pyridinealoximes with recyclable catalysts in multiphase solvent mixts.)

RN 864956-92-3 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-5,5'-disulfonic acid, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-, disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



●2 Na

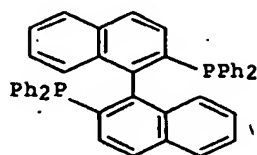
IT 98327-87-8, BINAP

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of pyridinecarboxamides from pyridinealoximes with recyclable catalysts in multiphase solvent mixts.)

RN 98327-87-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[1,1-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



L45 ANSWER 5 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:800507 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:386707

TITLE: A stereoselective synthesis of 1,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-hexatrienes utilizing 4,4,6-trimethyl-2-vinyl-1,3,2-dioxaborinane as a two-carbon alkenyl building block
 AUTHOR(S): Lightfoot, Andrew P.; Twiddle, Steven J. R.; Whiting, Andrew

CORPORATE SOURCE: GlaxoSmithKline Pharmaceuticals, Harlow, CM19 5AW, UK
 SOURCE: Organic & Biomolecular Chemistry (2005), 3(17), 3167-3172

CODEN: OBCRAK; ISSN: 1477-0520

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:386707

AB A number of 1,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-hexatrienes of varying alkene geometries were stereoselectively prepared from just two starting materials: iodobenzene and 4,4,6-trimethyl-2-vinyl-1,3,2-dioxaborinane via a series of Heck, Suzuki-Miyaura and stereocontrolled iododeboronation reactions. These results demonstrate how 4,4,6-trimethyl-2-vinyl-1,3,2-dioxaborinane can be used as a genuine two-carbon vinyl-dianion building block in stereocontrolled polyene synthesis.

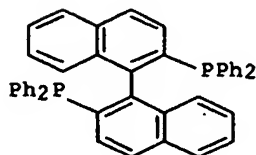
IT 98327-87-8

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(preparation of diphenyl-1,3,5-hexatriene isomers via Heck vinylation, Suzuki-Miyaura coupling and stereoselective iododeboronation using trimethyl(vinyl)-1,3,2-dioxaborinane and iodobenzene as reactants)

RN 98327-87-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[1,1-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 6 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:556846 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:248243

TITLE: Catalytic Enantioselective Fluorination of Oxindoles

AUTHOR(S): Hamashima, Yoshitaka; Suzuki, Toshiaki; Takano, Hisashi; Shimura, Yuta; Sodeoka, Mikiko

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Multidisciplinary Research for Advanced Materials, Tohoku University, Miyagi, 980-8577, Japan

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (2005), 127(29), 10164-10165

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:248243

AB A highly efficient catalytic enantioselective fluorination of oxindole derivs. is reported. In the presence of a catalytic amount of a chiral Pd complex (2.5 mol %), various substrates, including aryl- and alkyloxindoles, were fluorinated in a highly enantioselective manner ($\leq 96\%$ ee). In addition, when the aryl substituent was Ph, enantioselective fluorination followed by solvolysis gave a monofluorinated ester with $\leq 93\%$ ee.

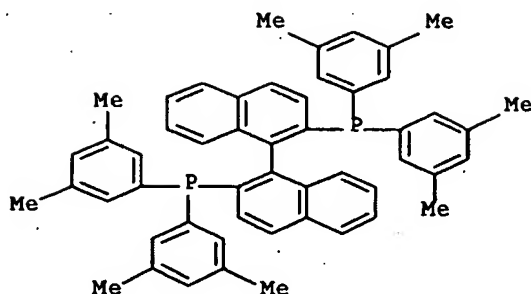
IT 135139-00-3

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(catalytic enantioselective fluorination of oxindoles)

RN 135139-00-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[1,1-bis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 7 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:302624 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:23199

TITLE: Simple large-scale preparation of 3,3-disubstituted cyclopropenes: easy access to stereodefined cyclopropylmetals via transition metal-catalyzed hydrometalation

AUTHOR(S): Rubin, Michael; Gevorgyan, Vladimir

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Illinois at Chicago, Chicago, IL, 60607-7061, USA

SOURCE: Synthesis (2004), (5), 796-800
CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:23199

AB 3,3-Disubstituted cyclopropenes have been readily prepared on a multigram scale via two different methods: (1) dehydrohalogenation of bromocyclopropanes, and (2) Rh-catalyzed addition of carbenoids to trimethylsilylacetylene followed by desilylation. Highly diastereoselective Pd-catalyzed hydrostannation and highly enantioselective Rh-catalyzed hydroboration of 3,3-disubstituted cyclopropenes afforded useful cyclopropylmetal building blocks in high yields.

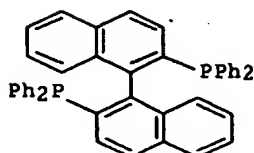
IT 76189-55-4

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(enantioselective hydroboration of cyclopropenes utilizing rhodium catalyst in presence of chiral BINAP ligand)

RN 76189-55-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[(1R)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[1,1-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

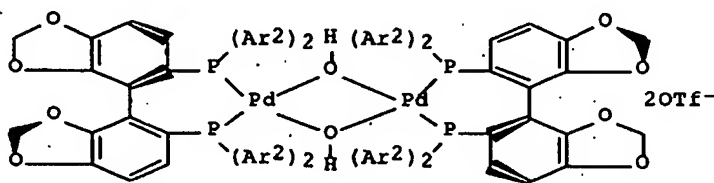


REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 8 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:36960 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:93701
 TITLE: Method for preparation of optically active fluoro ketone compounds
 INVENTOR(S): Sodeoka, Motoko; Hamashima, Yoshitaka
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takasago Perfumery Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 30 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004010555	A	20040115	JP 2002-167944	20020607
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-167944	20020607
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 140:93701; MARPAT 140:93701			

GI



AB Optically active α -fluoro ketones including β -fluoro keto esters of formula $R_1-Xn-CO-CF(R_2)W$ [R_1, R_2 = each (un)substituted linear or cyclic hydrocarbyl, heterocyclyl, alkoxy, NH_2 , or acyloxy; one of R_1 and R_2 may be H; X = alkylene, NH , NR_3 , $N(OH)$, $N(OR_4)$, O ; R_3, R_4 = (un)substituted linear or cyclic hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl; W = electron-withdrawing group; $n = 0, 1$; or R_1 and R_2 , R_1 and W , or R_2 and W are optionally linked to each other to form a ring] are prepared by reaction of ketones of formula $R_1-Xn-CO-CH(R_2)W$ (R_1, X, n, R_2, W = same as above) with fluorinating agent in the presence of an asym. transition metal complex of formula $[M_2LpAq]_y(Z^-)_y$ or $MLrBsDc$ [wherein L = an asym. ligand; Z^- = an anion; A = a monovalent anionic ligand; M = a transition metal; $p = 2, 4$; $y = 0, 2$; $B = H_2O$, a neutral ligand; D = an anionic ligand or counter anion; $r = 1, 2$; s = an integer of 0-6; c = an integer of 0-2]. This asym. fluorination smoothly proceeds on substrates not bulky at the ester moiety and efficiently and selectively gives optically active α -fluoro keto compds. of high optical activity. Optically active α -fluoro keto compds. are intermediates for drugs, agrochems., or many other versatile chems. Thus, 29.2 mg $[[Pd((R)-dtbm-segphos)(\mu-OH)]_2](OTf^-)_2$ (II; $Ar_2 = 3,5$ -di-tert-butyl-4-methoxyphenyl) (0.02 mmol) was dissolved in 0.2 mL acetone, cooled to 5° , treated with 37 mg 2-oxocyclopentanecarboxylic acid tert-Bu ester (0.2 mmol), stirred for 10 min, treated with 95 mg N -fluorobenzenesulfonimide (0.3 mmol), stirred at 5° for 39 h, treated with saturated aqueous NH_4Cl , and

extracted with EtOAc to give, after silica gel chromatog., 79% 1-fluoro-2-oxocyclopentanecarboxylic acid tert-Bu ester (95.6% ee).

IT 135139-00-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

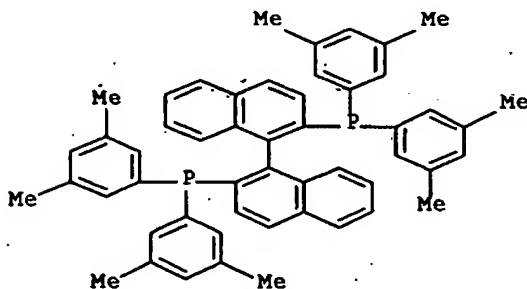
(preparation of optically active fluoro ketone compds. by asym.

fluorination

of ketones in presence of optically active phosphine transition metal complex)

RN 135139-00-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[1,1-bis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L45 ANSWER 9 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:336074 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:69085

TITLE: Facile and Efficient Synthesis of meso-Arylamino- and Alkylamino-Substituted Porphyrins via Palladium-Catalyzed Amination

AUTHOR(S): Chen, Ying; Zhang, X. Peter

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, TN, 37996-1600, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (2003), 68(11), 4432-4438
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 139:69085

AB Meso-Arylamino- and alkylamino-substituted porphyrins were efficiently synthesized by reactions of meso-halogenated porphyrins with amines via palladium-catalyzed amination. The combination of palladium acetate and the com. available phosphine ligand bis(2-diphenylphosphinophenyl) ether (DPEphos) is effective for catalyzing the couplings of both [5-bromo-10,20-diphenylporphyrinato]zinc(II) and [5,15-dibromo-10,20-diphenylporphyrinato]zinc(II) with amines to give the corresponding monoamino- and diamino-substituted porphyrins in high yields under mild conditions. The corresponding halogenated free-base porphyrins also underwent the cross-coupling reactions efficiently under similar catalytic conditions.

IT 98327-87-8

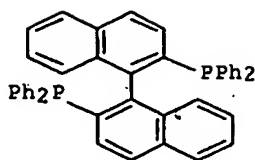
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(palladium-catalyzed amination of bromo- and dibromoporphyrin zinc and free base to give meso-arylamino and alkylamino derivs.)

RN 98327-87-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[1,1-diphenyl]- (CA INDEX

NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 10 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:72754 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:254880

TITLE: New Palladium(II)-Catalyzed Asymmetric 1,2-Dibromide Synthesis

AUTHOR(S): El-Qisairi, Arab K.; Qaseer, Hanan A.; Katsigras, George; Lorenzi, Philip; Trivedi, Unnati; Tracz, Sylvia; Hartman, Amy; Miller, Jason A.; Henry, Patrick M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Loyola University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, 60626, USA

SOURCE: Organic Letters (2003), 5(4), 439-441

CODEN: ORLEF7; ISSN: 1523-7060

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:254880

AB Olefins undergo stereoselective and enantioselective bromination with bromide sources such as lithium bromide in the presence of nonracemic chiral monometallic and bimetallic palladium catalysts and copper (II) bromide under an oxygen atmospheric in aqueous-THF reaction mixts. to provide chiral 1,2-dibromides in 75-95% yields and 14-96% ee (all but one in 80-96% ee). E.g., in the presence of a binuclear palladium complex of (S)-BINAP and copper (II) bromide with added lithium bromide under an oxygen atmospheric in aqueous THF, Ph allyl ether gave 1,2-dibromo-3-phenoxypropane in >95% yield and in 95% ee by NMR. Terminal olefins give dibromides in about 95% ee while internal alkenes give dibromides in about 80% ee.

IT 76189-56-5D, (S)-BINAP, mono- and binuclear palladium complexes

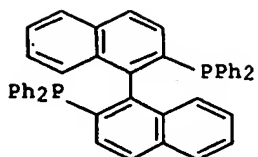
100165-88-6D, (S)-TolBINAP, binuclear palladium complexes

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

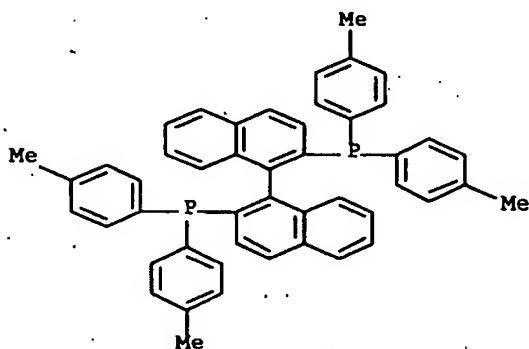
(stereo- and enantioselective preparation of 1,2-dibromides by bromination of alkenes with lithium bromide in the presence of mono- and binuclear palladium catalysts and copper (II) bromide)

RN 76189-56-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[1,1-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 100165-88-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Phosphine, 1,1'-(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[1,1-bis(4-methylphenyl)]- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 11 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:888742 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:384846

TITLE: Process for preparation of indolylpyridinylmethyldioxinoquinolines and related compounds

INVENTOR(S): Chan, Anita Wai-Yin; Curran, Timothy Thomas; Iera, Silvio; Chew, Warren; Sellstedt, John Hamilton; Vid, Galina; Feigelson, Gregg; Ding, Zhixian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Wyeth, John and Brother Ltd., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

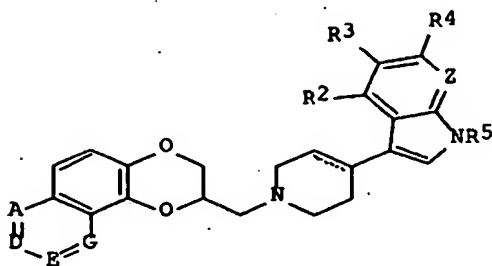
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002092602	A2	20021121	WO 2002-US15097	20020514
WO 2002092602	A3	20030227		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,

PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
 UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
 CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

CA 2447150	A1	20021121	CA 2002-2447150	20020514
AU 2002309769	A1	20021125	AU 2002-309769	20020514
US 2002187983	A1	20021212	US 2002-145369	20020514
US 6693197	B2	20040217		
EP 1387845	A2	20040211	EP 2002-736790	20020514
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
CN 1509290	A	20040630	CN 2002-810067	20020514
BR 2002009901	A	20040713	BR 2002-9901	20020514
JP 2004530693	T	20041007	JP 2002-589486	20020514
US 2004186123	A1	20040923	US 2003-734867	20031212
US 7038052	B2	20060502		
US 2006074240	A1	20060406	US 2005-282202	20051118
US 7166723	B2	20070123		
US 2007123705	A1	20070531	US 2006-566528	20061204
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 2001-291547P	P 20010517
			US 2002-145369	A3 20020514
			WO 2002-US15097	W 20020514
			US 2003-734867	A3 20031212
			US 2005-282202	A3 20051118
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:384846; MARPAT 137:384846				
GI				



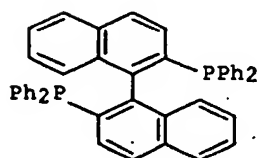
I

- AB Title compds. [I; R1 = H, OH, halo, cyano, carboxamido, carboalkoxy, alkyl, alkanoyloxy, amino, mono- or dialkylamino, alkanamido, alkanesulfonamido; R2, R3, R4, R6 = H, OH, halo, cyano, carboxamido, carboalkoxy, CF3, alkyl, alkoxy, alkanoyloxy, amino, mono- or dialkylamino, alkanamido, alkanesulfonamido; R5 = H, alkyl; dotted line = optional double bond; A, D = CR1, N; provided that ≥ 1 of A and D = N; E, G = CR1; Z = N, CR6], were prepared by a 7-step process. Thus, [(2R)-8-methyl-2,3-dihydro[1,4]dioxino[2,3-f]quinolin-2-yl)methyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (preparation given), 3-(1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridin-4-yl)-1H-indole (preparation given) and K2CO3 were heated in THF:DMF at 80-83° for 10 h to give 72% (2S)-2-[4-(1H-indol-3-yl)-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-ylmethyl]-8-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-dioxino[2,3-f]quinoline.
- IT 98327-87-8, 2,2'-Bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl
 153305-67-0, 2,2'-Bis(di-p-tolylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (cyclization catalyst; process for preparation of

indolylpyridinylmethyldioxinoquinolines and related compds.)

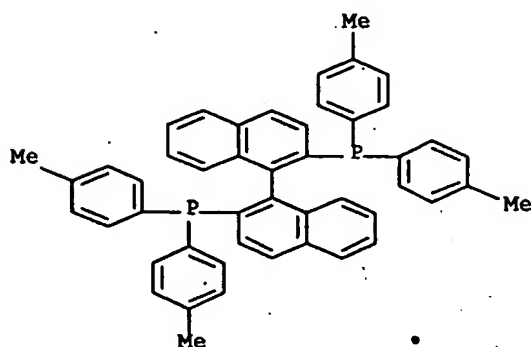
RN 98327-87-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[1,1-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 153305-67-0 HCAPLUS

GN Phosphine, 1,1'-[[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[1,1-bis(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L45 ANSWER 12 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:695853 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:241482

TITLE: Chiral stationary phases based on derivatives of 4-amino-3,5-dinitrobenzoic acid

INVENTOR(S): Kontrec, Darko; Vinkovic, Vladimir; Sunjic, Vitomir; Mariotti, Paolo; Navarini, Luciano

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eurand Pharmaceuticals Ltd., Ire.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

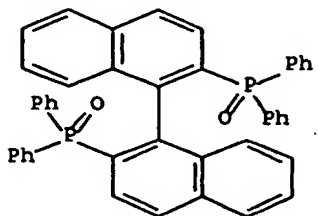
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

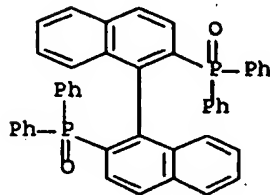
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002070124	A1	20020912	WO 2002-EP2437	20020306
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,				

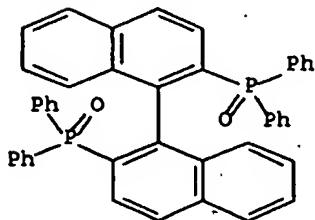
LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
 PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
 UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
 CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 CA 2440639 A1 20020912 CA 2002-2440639 20020306
 AU 2002238566 A1 20020919 AU 2002-238566 20020306
 EP 1370356 A1 20031217 EP 2002-704733 20020306
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
 NZ 528711 A 20040227 NZ 2002-528711 20020306
 JP 2004531704 T 20041014 JP 2002-569287 20020306
 US 2004144708 A1 20040729 US 2004-469899 20040224
 US 7018537 B2 20060328
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IT 2001-MI473 A 20010307
 WO 2002-EP2437 W 20020306
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:241482
 AB The invention describes new chiral stationary phases containing a 4-amino-3,5-dinitrobenzoic unit modified with chiral groups and spacer groups. The invention includes the process for the preparation of said stationary phases starting from 4-halogenated derivative of 3,5-dinitrobenzoic acid, chiral selectors obtainable as intermediates in the aforesaid process, and the use of the chiral stationary phases in the separation of enantiomers.
 IT 86632-33-9 94041-16-4 94041-18-6
 RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
 (enantiomer resolution by chromatog. with chiral stationary phases based on derivs. of 4-amino-3,5-dinitrobenzoic acid)
 RN 86632-33-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Phosphine oxide, [1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)]



RN 94041-16-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Phosphine oxide, (1R)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)]



RN 94041-18-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Phosphine oxide, (1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[diphenyl- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 13 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:640558 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:370431

TITLE: Palladium-catalyzed synthesis of oligo(methylthio)aniline and conversion to polyacene-type electrolytes bearing phenothiazinium repeating units

AUTHOR(S): Oyaizu, Kenichi; Mitsunashi, Fumio; Tsuchida, Eishun

CORPORATE SOURCE: Advanced Research Institute for Science and Engineering, Waseda University, Tokyo, 169-8555, Japan
 SOURCE: Macromolecular Chemistry and Physics (2002), 203(10/11), 1328-1336

CODEN: MCHPES; ISSN: 1022-1352

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The synthetic routes to ladder polymers which consist of benzene-tetrayl subunits with imino and methylsulfonio linkages are described. As the key intermediate, oligo- and polyaniline derivs. having pendant methylthio groups were prepared by the Pd-catalyzed aryl amination from various monomers. The oxidation of the polymers with H₂O₂ in the presence of CH₃COOH effects conversion of methylthio to methylsulfinyl groups in high yield without formation of undesired methylsulfonyl groups. The superacid-induced condensation of the polymers under dilution conditions induced the polymer-analogous intramol. electrophilic ring closure reaction of the hydroxy(methyl)(phenyl)sulfonium cation onto the adjacent benzene ring to yield the ladder polymers. The ladder polymers are semiconductors with intrinsic elec. conductivity of ca. 10⁻⁵ S·cm⁻¹.

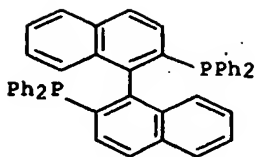
IT 98327-87-8, BINAP

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(catalyst ligand; preparation of monomers and Pd-catalyzed polymerization of oligo(methylthio)anilines and oxidation and cyclocondensation to obtain conducting phenothiazinium-based ladder polymers)

RN 98327-87-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[1,1-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 14 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:488405 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:318255

TITLE: Nonenzymatic kinetic resolution of β -amino alcohols: chiral BINAP mediated SN2 displacement of hydroxy groups by halogens through formation of an aziridinium ion intermediate

AUTHOR(S): Sekar, Govindasamy; Nishiyama, Hisao

CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Materials Science, Toyohashi University of Technology, Tempaku-cho, Toyohashi, Aichi, 441-8580, Japan

SOURCE: Chemical Communications (Cambridge, United Kingdom) (2001), (14), 1314-1315

CODEN: CHCOFS; ISSN: 1359-7345

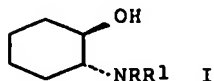
PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:318255

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AB A series of optically active cyclic trans- β -amino alcs. were obtained (up to 97% ee) from nonenzymic kinetic resolution of corresponding racemic amino alcs. using com. available (S)-BINAP and N-chlorosuccinimide (NCS) by halogenation of hydroxy groups through formation of a meso-aziridinium ion intermediate. Thus, chiral aminocyclohexanols I (R, R1 = Me, Ph; Et, Ph; Me, 3-MeC6H4; Me, 4-MeC6H4; Me, 4-MeOC6H4; Et, 3-MeC6H4; Et, 4-MeC6H4; PhCH2, Ph; PhCH2, PhCH2) were obtained from kinetic resolution of their corresponding racemic substrates.

IT 76189-56-5

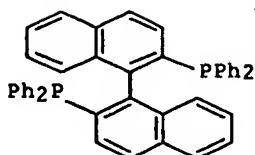
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(kinetic resolution of racemic aminocyclohexanols via BINAP-mediated chlorination with N-chlorosuccinimide involving an aziridinium intermediate)

RN 76189-56-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[1,1-diphenyl-

(CA INDEX NAME)

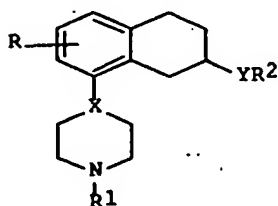


REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

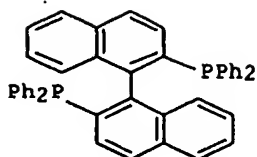
L45 ANSWER 15 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:96236 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:139174
 TITLE: Preparation of 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenes as h5-HT1B antagonists
 INVENTOR(S): Berg, Stefan; Linderberg, Mats; Ross, Svante; Thorberg, Seth-Olov; Ulff, Bengt
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Astra Aktiebolag (Publ), Swed.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 118 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9905134	A1	19990204	WO 1998-SE1390	19980715
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
TW 438781	B	20010607	TW 1998-87111330	19980713
CA 2296518	A1	19990204	CA 1998-2296518	19980715
AU 9883703	A	19990216	AU 1998-83703	19980715
AU 739569	B2	20011018		
EP 1000048	A1	20000517	EP 1998-934104	19980715
EP 1000048	B1	20021127		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
TR 200000229	T2	20000621	TR 2000-200000229	19980715
BR 9811042	A	20000815	BR 1998-11042	19980715
EE 200000041	A	20001016	EE 2000-41	19980715
EE 4238	B1	20040216		
HU 200004334	A2	20010328	HU 2000-4334	19980715
NZ 502384	A	20010525	NZ 1998-502384	19980715
JP 2001510837	T	20010807	JP 2000-504131	19980715
JP 3895923	B2	20070322		
AT 228510	T	20021215	AT 1998-934104	19980715

RU 2194696	C2	20021220	RU 2000-104802	19980715
PT 1000048	T	20030331	PT 1998-934104	19980715
ES 2187983	T3	20030616	ES 1998-934104	19980715
SK 283918	B6	20040504	SK 1999-1883	19980715
ZA 9806588	A	19990125	ZA 1998-6588	19980723
HR 980404	B1	20021031	HR 1998-404	19980723
US 6313118	B1	20011106	US 1998-171577	19981021
MX 200000676	A	20001113	MX 2000-676	20000119
NO 2000000356	A	20000327	NO 2000-356	20000124
NO 315609	B1	20030929		
US 6228857	B1	20010508	US 2000-621387	20000721
HK 1025963	A1	20030523	HK 2000-105178	20000817
US 2001051626	A1	20011213	US 2001-902000	20010710
US 6410532	B2	20020625		
US 2001051623	A1	20011213	US 2001-902123	20010710
US 6534652	B2	20030318		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			SE 1997-2799	A 19970725
			WO 1998-SE1390	W 19980715
			US 1998-171577	A2 19981021
			SE 1999-190	A 19990122
			WO 2000-SE79	A1 20000114
OTHER SOURCE(S):			MARPAT 130:139174	
GI				



- AB Title compds. [I; X = N, CH; Y = NHCH₂, CH₂NH, NHCO, CONH, NHSO₂, etc.; R = OCF₃, OCHF₂, OCH₂F, CN, OH, SO₃Me, SO₃CF₃, F, Cl, Br, heterocyclic ring, etc.; R₁ = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl; R₂ = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, arylmethyl, heterocyclic ring, etc.] as (R)-enantiomers, (S)-enantiomers or racemates in the form of a free base or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, and pharmaceutical compns. containing title compds. are prepared via acylation, alkylation, **halogenation**, as h5-HT1B antagonists for use in the treatment of 5-hydroxytryptamine mediated disorders, disorders in the central nervous system. Thus, I, (X = N; R₁ = 5-CH₃; Y = CONH; R₂ = 4-morpholinophenyl) was prepared and chromatog. separated via Chiral AGP semi-preparative column.
- IT 76189-55-4, (R)-(+)-2,2'-Bis(diphenyl)phosphino-1,1'-binaphthyl
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of tetrahydronaphthalenes as h5-HT1B antagonists)
- RN 76189-55-4 HCAPLUS
- CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[[(1R)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[1,1-diphenyl-
 (CA INDEX NAME)]



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 16 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:256706 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:270640

TITLE: Systematic Variation of Bidentate Ligands Used in Aryl Halide Amination. Unexpected Effects of Steric, Electronic, and Geometric Perturbations

AUTHOR(S): Hamann, Blake C.; Hartwig, John F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Yale University, New Haven, CT, 06520-8107, USA

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1998), 120(15), 3694-3703

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB This paper presents effects of varying bidentate phosphine steric properties, electronic properties, and bite angle on product ratios in the amination of aryl bromides. Comparisons of the ratios of amine products to dehydrohalogenation products showed that catalysts containing electron rich, modestly hindered phosphines with small bite angles (apprx. 90°) gave the best selectivities. Surprisingly, the arene side product formed from reaction of alkylamines deuterated in the N-H position or deuterated in the position α to the nitrogen showed low levels of deuterium incorporation in many examples. Steric properties and ligand bite angle had the greatest impact on the selectivity for monoarylation vs. diarylation of primary amines; ligands with small bite angles gave higher monoarylation-to-diarylation ratios, as did ligands with increased steric bulk. Electron poor or sterically hindered bidentate phosphines reduced the amount of product resulting from aryl exchange of electron rich palladium-bound arenes with those of aryl groups on the phosphine ligands.

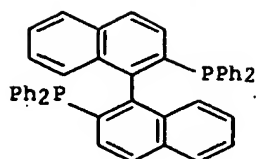
IT 98327-87-8, 2,2'-Bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(systematic variation of bidentate ligands used in aryl halide amination and unexpected effects of steric, electronic, and geometric perturbations)

RN 98327-87-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[1,1-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

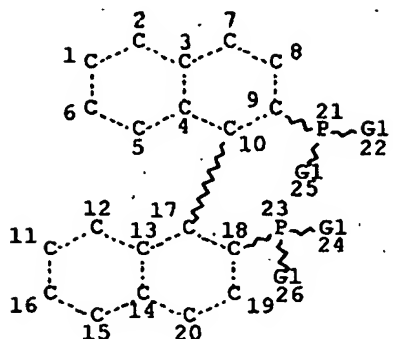


REFERENCE COUNT:

58

THERE ARE 58 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L2 STR



VAR G1=AK/CY

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

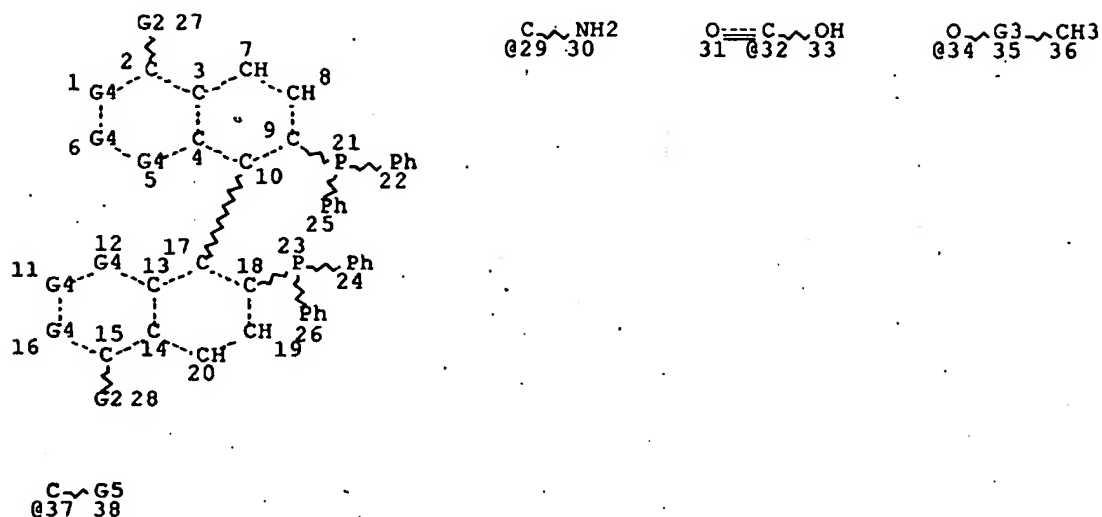
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L4 563 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L2

L14 STR



VAR G2=AK/CN/29/32

REP G3=(0-3) C

VAR G4=CH/37

VAR G5=AK/34

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

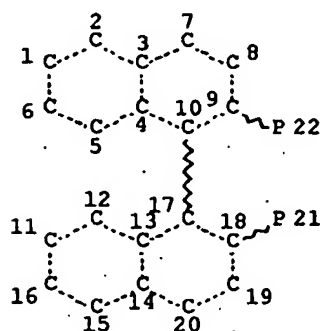
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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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L17 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L16

L19 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

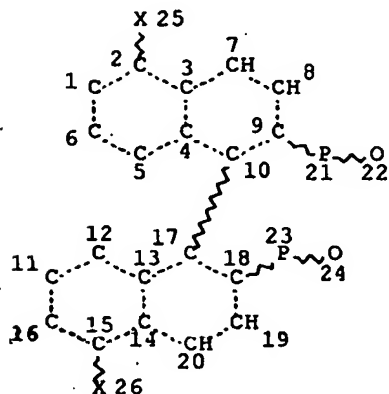
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L21 553 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L19

L23 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

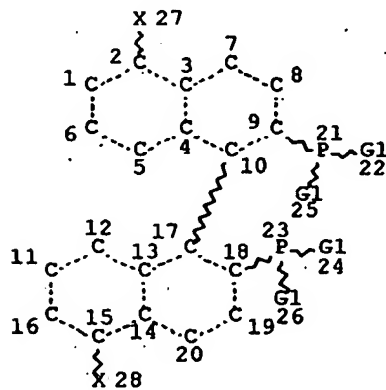
NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L24 3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L21 SSS FUL L23

L25 550 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 NOT L24

L26 STR



VAR G1=AK/CY

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 28

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L27 5 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 SSS FUL L26
 L28 540 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 NOT (L16 OR L27)
 L29 1674 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25
 L30 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24
 L31 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L27
 L32 1680 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28
 L33 0 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L30 OR L31) NOT L17
 L34 215 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28/P
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 L36 116181 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (HALOGENATION/CV OR "HALOGENAT
 ION (L) AGENTS"/CV OR "HALOGENATING AGENTS"/CV OR "OXIDATIVE
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 FLUORINATION/CV OR IODINATION/CV OR "HALOGENATION CATALYSTS"/CV
 OR "HALOGENATION KINETICS"/CV OR HALOGENS/CV) OR ?HALOGENAT?
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 L40 5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L36 AND L37
 L41 4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 NOT (L17 OR L33)
 L42 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L41 AND L35
 L43 22 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L36 AND L32
 L44 5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 AND L37 AND L32
 L45 16 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L43 OR L44) NOT (L17 OR L33
 OR L42)
 L47 35 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("SALUZZO C"/AU OR "SALUZZO
 CHRISTINE"/AU)
 L48 15 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("BERTHOD M"/AU OR "BERTHOD
 MICHAEL"/AU OR "BERTHOD MIKAEEL"/AU OR "BERTHOD MIKAEEL"/AU)
 L49 40 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L47 OR L48) NOT (L17 OR L33
 OR L42 OR L45)

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L49 ANSWER 1 OF 40. HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:382460 HCAPLUS Full-text

TITLE: New 5,5'-disubstituted BINAP derivatives: Syntheses
and pressure and electronic effects in Rh asymmetric
hydrogenation

AUTHOR(S): Alame, M.; Jahjah, M.; Berthod, M.; Lemaire,
M.; Meille, V.; de Bellefon, C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Genie des Procedes Catalytiques, UMR
2214, CNRS-CPE Lyon, Villeurbanne, 69616, Fr.

SOURCE: Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical (2007),
268(1-2), 205-212

CODEN: JMCCF2; ISSN: 1381-1169

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB A library of 5,5'-disubstituted BINAP derivs. were synthesized in good yield
from optically pure BINAP and evaluated for the Rh-catalyzed homogeneous asym.
hydrogenation of (α)-acylaminoacrylate ester, with ee of up to 77% being
obtained with the Ph derivative. The enantiomeric excess variation was
followed according to the groups introduced in the 5,5'-position of BINAP and
for a range of pressure from 5 to 30 bar.

L49 ANSWER 2 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:855380 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:438973

TITLE: Chiral polyamino alcohols and polyamino thiols for asymmetric heterogeneous catalysis

AUTHOR(S): Herault, Damien; Saluzzo, Christine;

Lemaire, Marc

CORPORATE SOURCE: UMR 5622, UCBL, CPE, Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthèse Organique, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron: Asymmetry (2006), 17(13), 1944-1951
CODEN: TASYE3; ISSN: 0957-4166

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 145:438973

AB A series of macroporous copolymer beads were synthesized by THE free radical suspension copolymn. of (S)-glycidyl methacrylate (GMA), (S)-thiiranylmethylmethacrylate (TMA), or (R,R)-phenylglycidylmethacrylate (Ph-GMA) with ethyleneglycol dimethacrylate (EDMA) or divinylbenzene (DVB). This allowed for the evaluation of their chemical and phys. properties (polymer matrix nature or the structure of the heterocyclopropane) and their influence on the catalytic efficiency. These chiral polymers were subsequently transformed into polyamino alc. or polyamino thiol derivs. by the facile ring opening of the oxirane or thiirane group with benzylamine and methylamine. Complexed with [RuCl₂(p-cymene)]₂, these derivs. were shown to be effective in the asym. hydrogen transfer reduction of acetophenone. The best results (conversion: 94%, ee: 71%) were obtained with benzylamine grafted onto poly(GMA-co-EDMA) (30/70 % wt/wt).

REFERENCE COUNT: 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 3 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:394652 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:206723

TITLE: Preparation of monodisperse enantiomerically pure glycidyl methacrylate-ethylene glycol dimethacrylate copolymers in dispersion copolymerization: Functionalization

AUTHOR(S): Herault, Damien; Saluzzo, Christine;

Lemaire, Marc

CORPORATE SOURCE: Centre Scientifique de la Doua, Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthèse Organique UMR-CNRS 5181, Université Claude Bernard Lyon I, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Reactive & Functional Polymers (2006), 66(5), 567-577
CODEN: RFPOF6; ISSN: 1381-5148

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Syntheses of monodisperse poly(glycidyl methacrylate)-co-(ethylene glycol dimethacrylate) were carried out by single stage dispersion radical copolymn. Particles in the range of 1.0-3.0 µm were prepared in ethanol using 2,2'-azobisisobutyronitrile as the initiator and poly(vinyl pyrrolidone) as a polymeric stabilizer. The effects of different polymerization parameters, such as crosslinking monomer concentration, dispersant mol. weight, dilution and dispersant/monomer ratio on an average particle size and size distribution are reported. The best conditions were applied to (R) and (S)-glycidyl methacrylate in order to form poly((R) and (S)-glycidyl methacrylate)-co-

(ethylene glycol dimethacrylate). Nucleophiles such as benzylamine, oxa-aza and aza crown ethers, -Me proline and β -cyclodextrine acting have been coupled to these oxirane containing polymers. The concentration of the added nucleophile on the modified resin varied from 0.26 to 3.35 mmol/g resin.

REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 4 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1152798 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:422121
 TITLE: Reduction of oxygen-containing functional groups
 INVENTOR(S): Berthod, Mikael; Lemaire, Marc; Mignani, Gerard
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhodia Chimie, Fr.; Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique CNRS
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 41 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2869313	A1	20051028	FR 2004-4326	20040423
CA 2563928	A1	20051124	CA 2005-2563928	20050420
WO 2005110948	A1	20051124	WO 2005-FR975	20050420
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1753707	A1	20070221	EP 2005-759985	20050420
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
CN 1968914	A	20070523	CN 2005-80018390	20050420
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2004-4326 A 20040423 WO 2005-FR975 W 20050420				

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:422121; MARPAT 143:422121

AB The authors present a method for reduction of oxygen-containing compds. using a siloxane $H(R_1)_2SiO[Si(R_2)_2O]_xSi(R_1)_2H$ (R_1, R_2 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl; x = 0-50) and a Lewis acid catalyst such as $Ti(O\text{-}isoPr)_4$ in an organic solvent such as toluene. For example, reduction of the dioxide of BINAP gave the BINAP in 91% yield under these conditions. Benzonitrile was also reduced to benzylamine in 60% yield.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 5 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:971940 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:405679

TITLE: Approach to the blues: a highly flexible route to the azulenes
 AUTHOR(S): Carret, Sebastien; Blanc, Aurelien; Coquerel, Yoann; Berthod, Mikael; Greene, Andrew E.; Depres, Jean-Pierre
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chim. Recherche (LEDSS), Univ. Joseph Fourier, Grenoble, 38041, Fr.
 SOURCE: Angewandte Chemie, International Edition (2005), 44(32), 5130-5133
 CODEN: ACIEF5; ISSN: 1433-7851
 PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:405679
 AB A palette of blues: chloro bicyclo[5.3.0]decatrienone derivs. are readily prepared from cycloheptatrienes by cycloaddn. of dichloro ketene, ring expansion with a diazo alkane, and dehydrochlorination in DMF. These compds. are used as intermediates in the regio-controlled synthesis of a wide variety of natural and non-natural azulenes.
 REFERENCE COUNT: 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

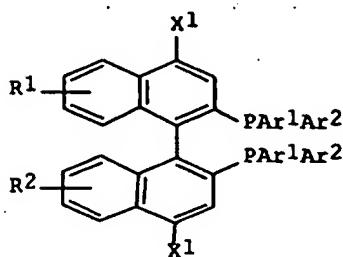
L49 ANSWER 6 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:331856 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:22472
 TITLE: Catalytic asymmetric hydrogenation of ethyltrifluoroacetate with 4,4' and 5,5'-diamBINAP Ru(II) complexes in unusual conditions
 AUTHOR(S): Berthod, Mikael; Mignani, Gerard; Lemaire, Marc
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Catalyse et de Synthese Organique, UMR 5181; UCBL, CPE Bat. 308, 43, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.
 SOURCE: Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical (2005), 233(1-2), 105-110
 CODEN: JMCCF2; ISSN: 1381-1169
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:22472
 AB The catalytic asym. hydrogenation of Et trifluoroacetate with 4,4'- and 5,5'-diamBINAP-Ru(II) complexes was studied. An increased enantioselectivity was observed when hydrogenation was done in biphasic water/organic solvent conditions. Addition of acid increase the selectivity too. It was proposed an explanation based onto the keto-enol-hydrate or hemiketal equilibrium
 REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 7 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:331466 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:481570
 TITLE: Modified BINAP: The How and the Why
 AUTHOR(S): Berthod, Mikael; Mignani, Gerard; Woodward, Gary; Lemaire, Marc
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthese Organique, UCBL-CPE, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.
 SOURCE: Chemical Reviews (Washington, DC, United States) (2005), 105(5), 1801-1836
 CODEN: CHREAY; ISSN: 0009-2665

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB A review of the synthesis and applications of BINAP ligands in asym. catalysis.
 REFERENCE COUNT: 198 THERE ARE 198 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 8 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:931029 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:397266
 TITLE: Chiral diphosphines in insoluble form, their preparation, and their uses as ligands in the synthesis of complexes destined for asymmetric catalysis
 INVENTOR(S): Lemaire, Marc; Berthod, Mikael
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhodia Chimie, Fr.; Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique CNRS
 SOURCE: Fr: Demande, 53 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2854401	A1	20041105	FR 2003-5253	20030429
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 2003-5253	20030429
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 141:397266			
GI				



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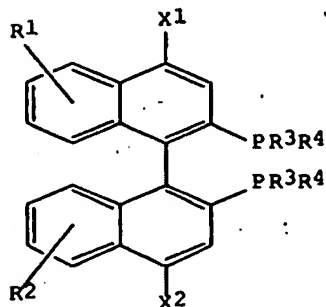
AB Chiral diphosphines I (R1, R2 = H or substituent; Ar1, Ar2 = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, or aralkyl; X1 = amino, aminomethyl, OH, HOCH2, carboxylic, ester, NCO, or OCNCH2) are polymerized with the appropriate condensation polymer-forming monomer to give optically active polymers that are able to complex with transition metals to give complexes for asym. hydrogenation catalysis. The optically active polymers are also useful for catalysts in association with diamines for selective reduction of ketones. A typical catalyst, useful for hydrogenation of Et acetoacetate to Et 3-hydroxybutyrate, was manufactured by polymerization of (S)-4,4'-diaminomethylBINAP with 2,6-diisocyanatotoluene and complexation of the polymer with Ru.
 REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 9 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:847213 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:350269
 TITLE: Water-soluble chiral diphosphines and their uses as ligands on transition-metal catalysts for asymmetric synthesis
 INVENTOR(S): Lemaire, Marc; Saluzzo, Christine; Berthod, Mikael
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhodia Chimie, Fr.; Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique CNRS
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 64 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2853652	A1	20041015	FR 2003-4391	20030409
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 2003-4391	20030409
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 141:350269			

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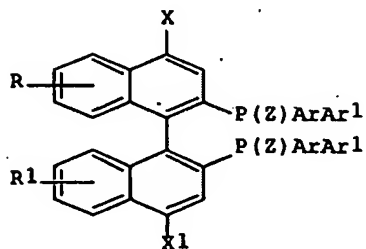
AB Racemic or optically active, water-soluble, 4,4'-disubstituted binaphthyl-derived diphosphines (I; R1, R2 = H, substituent; R3, R4 = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl; X1, X2 = H or water-soluble group such as ammonium, guanidinium, amino modified by linear polyoxyalkylene chain, carboxylate; at most 1 of X1 or X2 = H, at least 1 of X1 or X2 = cited functional groups), useful as ligands on transition-metal catalysts, preferably Rh, Ru, or Ir, for asym. synthesis, preferably asym. hydrogenation, are claimed. The substituents in the 4,4'-positions are chosen to ensure a better solubility in aqueous phase. Thus, hydrogenation of MeCOCH2CO2Et in presence of dibromoruthenium catalysts containing an (R)- or (S)-I (R1 = R2 = H, R3 = R4 = Ph, X1 = X2 = CH2N+H3 Br-; preparation given) gave MeCH(OH)CH2CO2Et in 100% conversions and 97-100% ee in many cases.
 REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 10 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:515338 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:71717
 TITLE: Chiral 4,4'-disubstituted binaphthyl diphosphines,
 their preparation, and their uses as ligands in
 asymmetric hydrogenation catalysts
 INVENTOR(S): Lemaire, Marc; Saluzzo, Christine;
 Berthod, Mikael
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhodia Chimie, Fr.; Centre National De La Recherche
 Scientifique Cnrs
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 41 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2849037	A1	20040625	FR 2002-16087	20021218
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 2002-16087	20021218
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 141:71717; MARPAT 141:71717			

GI



I

AB Racemic and optically active diphosphines I [Z = lone pair; R, R1 = H, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxy, etc.; Ar, Ar1 = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, preferably Ph; X, X1 = (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, OH, CN, CH2NH2, CO2H or esters, CH2OH, NHNH2, N3, Mg, Li, etc., preferably fluoro-substituted alkyl, CN, CH2NH2, CO2H] and bis(phosphine oxide)s I [Z = O; same R, R1, Ar, Ar1, X, X1] useful, in their optically active form, as ligands for ruthenium, rhodium or iridium catalysts in asym. organic synthesis and in particular for enantioselective hydrogenation of C:C or C:O double bonds, are claimed, as are processes for preparation of I. In an example, treating 0.0235 mmol (S)- or (R)-I (Z = lone pair; R = R1 = H; Ar = Ar1 = Ph; X = X1 = CH2NH2; preparation given) in 1 mL CH2Cl2 with 0.0235 mmol bis(2-methylallyl)(1,5-cyclooctadiene)ruthenium for 30 min, followed by evaporation of solvent and addition of MeOH or EtOH solvent and Me or Et acetoacetate substrate with a substrate-to-catalyst ratio of 1000:1 and hydrogenation at 40 bar H2 at 50° for 15 h gave 100% conversions to the

corresponding alc. with >99% ee, where the configuration of the alc. product depended on the chirality of I used.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 11 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:858569 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:237556

TITLE: Homogeneous-supported catalysts for enantioselective hydrogenation and hydrogen transfer reduction

AUTHOR(S): Saluzzo, Christine; Lemaire, Marc

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthese Organique, Universite Claude Bernard, CPE, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Advanced Synthesis & Catalysis (2002), 344(9), 915-928
CODEN: ASCAF7; ISSN: 1615-4150

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

AB A review. Several recent approaches for the homogeneous-supported catalysts in the fields of hydrogenation using BINAP ligand derivs. and hydrogen transfer reduction with diamines or amino alc. ligands are reviewed in order to point out efficient recyclable catalytic systems.

REFERENCE COUNT: 110 THERE ARE 110 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 12 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:810897 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:55645

TITLE: Synthesis of a new water-soluble C2-symmetric chiral diamine: preliminary investigation of its catalytic properties for asymmetric hydrogenation under biphasic conditions

AUTHOR(S): Maillet, Celine; Praveen, Thoniyot; Janvier, Pascal; Minguet, Sebastien; Evain, Michel; Saluzzo, Christine; Tommasino, M. Lorraine; Bujoli, Bruno

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Synthese Organique, UMR CNRS 6513, Nantes, 44322, Fr.

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (2002), 67(23), 8191-8196
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

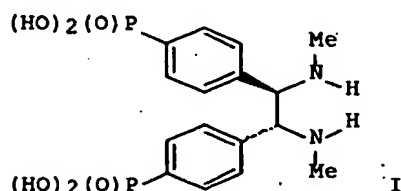
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:55645

GI



AB A water-soluble version of N,N'-dimethyl-1,2-diphenylethane-1,2-diamine was prepared by introduction of phosphonic acid moieties on the para position of the aromatic rings to provide both the d and l-isomers of I. Preliminary investigation of the catalytic properties of the iridium complex of this ligand under biphasic conditions showed that this system compared well with the homogeneous counterpart for the asym. hydrogenation of ketones but with noticeably higher reaction rates for the biphasic system.

REFERENCE COUNT: 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 13 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:782719 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:263180

TITLE: Preparation of chiral (β -aminoalkyl)phosphines, -phosphites, -phosphonites, and -phosphinites and use of their platinum-group metal complexes in asymmetric catalysis

INVENTOR(S): Lemaire, Marc; Pellet Rostaing, Stephane; Breuzard, Jeremy; Ter Halle, Rod; Saluzzo, Christine; Vallet, Martial

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhodia Chimie, Fr.

SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 57 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

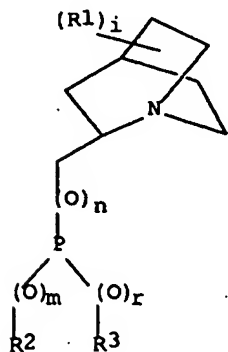
LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2810666	A1	20011228	FR 2000-8024	20000622
FR 2810666	B1	20021108		
PRIORITY APPN. INFO.:			FR 2000-8024	20000622
OTHER SOURCE(S):		CASREACT 137:263180; MARPAT 137:263180		

GI



AB Organophosphorus compds. I (e.g. (2S,4S,5R)-2-diphenylphosphinomethyl-5-ethylquinuclidine), platinum-group metal complexes of I, asym. catalysis (Kumada-Corriu cross coupling, hydrosilylation, hydroformylation) by the complexes and methods for preparation of I are claimed. In I, R1 represents a H atom; a saturated or unsatd. aliphatic hydrocarbon radical; a saturated, unsatd. or aromatic carbocyclic radical; or a radical including one part saturated or unsatd. aliphatic hydrocarbon and one part saturated, unsatd. or aromatic carbocyclic; i is 0-12; n, m and r are independently 0 or 1; R2 and R3 independently represent a saturated or aromatic carbocyclic radical, R2 and R3 being optionally connected to one another by a C-C bond.

L49 ANSWER 14 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:543647 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:89485

TITLE: Synthesis and studies of 6,6'-BINAP derivatives for the heterogeneous asymmetric hydrogenation of methyl acetoacetate

AUTHOR(S): Saluzzo, Christine; Lamouille, Thierry; Le

Guyader, Frederic; Lemaire, Marc

CORPORATE SOURCE: CPE, UMR 5622, Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthese Organique, Universite Claude Bernard, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron: Asymmetry (2002), 13(11), 1141-1146

CODEN: TASYE3; ISSN: 0957-4166

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:89485

AB New BINAP derivs. (polyamide, polyureas or ureas) were synthesized and employed in the ruthenium-catalyzed asym. heterogeneous hydrogenation of Me acetoacetate. Enantiomeric excesses in the range 48-100% were observed. Furthermore, the most efficient have been recovered and the recycled catalysts were shown to maintain their efficiency in subsequent reactions.

REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 15 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:481776 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:72795

TITLE: Polymer-Supported catalysts: Enantioselective hydrogenation and hydrogen transfer reduction

AUTHOR(S): Saluzzo, Christine; Lamouille, Thierry;

Herault, Damien; Lemaire, Marc

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthese Organique, CPE, UMR 5622, Universite Claude Bernard Lyon 1, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2002), 12(14), 1841-1844

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:72795

AB Different types of heterogenized catalysts were involved in asym. reactions. Hydrogen transfer reduction was performed with amino alcs. derived from poly((S)-(GMA-co-EGDMA or DVB)) and hydrogenation with BINAP grafted onto PEG

or copolymer with isocyanates as ligands. Attempts of catalysts recycling are reported.

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 16 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:408711 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:6606

TITLE: Optically active polymer with epoxide functions, method for preparing same, and use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Lemaire, Marc; Saluzzo, Christine; Rolland, Alice; Touchard, Francois; Herault, Damien

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University Claude Bernard Lyon I, Fr.; Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique CNRS

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002042346	A1	20020530	WO 2001-FR3705	20011123
W: JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR				
FR 2816948	A1	20020524	FR 2000-15147	20001123
FR 2816948	B1	20030221		
EP 1341828	A1	20030910	EP 2001-997513	20011123
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY, TR				
JP 2004514751	T	20040520	JP 2002-545060	20011123
US 2004068068	A1	20040408	US 2003-432550	20031023
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 2000-15147	A 20001123
			WO 2001-FR3705	W 20011123

AB Optically active polymers are manufactured by polymerization of α,β -unsatd. carbonyl group-containing compound having epoxide groups with ≥ 1 chiral center with monomers having 2 α,β -unsatd. carbonyl group or monomers having 2 vinyl groups. Said polymers are useful, optionally after the epoxide functions are opened, for immobilizing enzymes, as polymeric matrix for chiral chromatog., as polymeric support for solid phase synthesis, as ligand for preparing transition metal complexes in regioselective catalysis or as chiral inducer in regioselective catalyst. A typical polymer was manufactured by radical polymerization of 6.13 g (R)-glycidyl methacrylate with 14.3 g ethylene glycol dimethacrylate in cyclohexanol-dodecanol mixture emulsified in an aqueous phase containing polyvinylpyrrolidone at 70-80°.

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 17 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:379737 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:384607

TITLE: Enantiopure beads: a tool for asymmetric heterogeneous catalysis

AUTHOR(S): Herault, Damien; Saluzzo, Christine; Duval, Raphael; Lemaire, Marc

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthèse Organique, CPE,

UCBL, UMR 5622, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.
 SOURCE: Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical (2002),
 182-183, 249-256
 CODEN: JMCCF2; ISSN: 1381-1169
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:384607

AB A copolymer containing enantiopure epoxy groups was prepared in excellent yield by radical suspension copolymerization of (S)-glycidyl methacrylate with ethylene glycol dimethacrylate. In order to control the phys. and surface properties of the copolymer, we studied the influence of the stirring rate reaction and the concentration of the crosslinking agent on the copolymerization reaction. This allowed the evaluation of the influence of the sp. surface area, the particle size and the level of functionalization on catalytic efficiency of their copolymer derivatives. These enantiopure poly(glycidyl methacrylate-co-ethylene glycol dimethacrylate) beads were then transformed into optically active polyamino alcohols through epoxide ring opening with different achiral or homochiral amines. In order to show the efficiency of these new copolymers, they were used as ligands of ruthenium in asymmetric hydrogen transfer reduction of acetophenone.

REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 18 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:154340 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:369910

TITLE: 04,05-isopropylidene-1,2:3,6-dianhydro-D-glucitol from isosorbide

AUTHOR(S): Ejjiyar, S.; Saluzzo, C.; Amouroux, R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: USA

SOURCE: Organic Syntheses (2000), 77, 91-97

CODEN: ORSYAT; ISSN: 0078-6209

PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:369910

AB 04,05-isopropylidene-1,2:3,6-dianhydro-D-glucitol was prepared from isosorbide in two steps via ring cleavage-iodination followed by cyclocondensation reactions.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 19 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:151205 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:109319

TITLE: New P,N ligands with chiral nitrogen center: applications in homogeneous catalysis

AUTHOR(S): Saluzzo, Christine; Breuzard, Jeremy;

Pellet-Rostaing, Stephane; Vallet, Martial; Le

Guyader, Frederic; Lemaire, Marc

CORPORATE SOURCE: UMR 5622, UCBL/CPE, Laboratoire de Catalyse et

Synthese Organique, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (2002), 643-644, 98-104

CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X

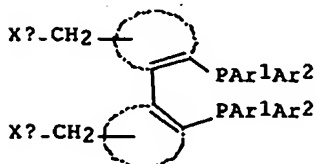
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science S.A.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:109319
 AB In order to perform homogeneous asym. hydroformylation, hydrosilylation and Grignard cross-coupling reaction, a new family of P,N ligands derived from quincorine and quincoridine was developed.
 REFERENCE COUNT: 53 THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 20 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:747800 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:304020
 TITLE: Water-soluble chiral diphosphines for catalysis of asymmetric hydrogenations by Group VIII-metal complexes
 INVENTOR(S): Saluzzo, Christine; Lamouille, Thierry; Lemaire, Marc; Ter Halle, Robert
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhodia Chimie, Fr.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 91 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001074828	A1	20011011	WO 2001-FR1000	20010403
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SI, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
FR 2807042	A1	20011005	FR 2000-4232	20000403
FR 2807042	B1	20020705		
EP 1268496	A1	20030102	EP 2001-921464	20010403
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
JP 2003533442	T	20031111	JP 2001-572518	20010403
US 2004102649	A1	20040527	US 2003-240572	20030423
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 2000-4232	A 20000403
			WO 2001-FR1000	W 20010403
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 135:304020; MARPAT 135:304020	
GI				



AB The invention concerns a water-soluble compound I or an addition product with an organic or inorg. acid wherein: a represents naphthyl or phenyl; and Ar1 and Ar2 independently represent a saturated or aromatic carbocyclic group; Xa, Xb independently = amino, ammonium or amino modified by a linear polyoxyalkylene chain, provided that at least one of Xa and Xb represents ammonium or modified amino. Complexes of I with transition metals Ru, Rh or Ir, with or without a diamine, can be used to catalyze asym. hydrogenation of carbonyl and C:C bonds. In general, previously degassed water is added, under Ar, to a conical reactor in which the catalyst was prepared. The substrate, e.g. Et acetoacetate, insol. in water, is added with catalyst/substrate ratio = 1/1000. The reactor is evacuated and refilled three times. The septum is then replaced by a drilled stopper and the reactor placed in an autoclave. The autoclave is purged three times with Ar and then three times with H2 (40 bar). The autoclave is placed on a magnetic stirrer and heated to 50° and the agitation is maintained during the night. After cooling, the stopper is replaced by a septum then Ar is reinjected into the reactor. An aliquot of the single-phase reaction solution is analyzed by gas chromatog. For Et acetoacetate, a 100% yield of Et 3-hydroxybutanoate was obtained with ≤ 94 %ee, the best catalyst being (S)-6,6'-bis(ammoniomethyl)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl dibromide.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 21 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:720983 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:166907

TITLE: Grignard cross-coupling catalyzed by chiral phosphino-quincorine and phosphino-quincoridine derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Pellet-Rostaing, S.; Saluzzo, C.; Ter Halle, R.; Breuzard, J.; Vial, L.; Le Guyader, F.; Lemaire, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthese Organique, CPE, UCBL, UMR 5622, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron: Asymmetry (2001), 12(14), 1983-1985
CODEN: TASYE3; ISSN: 0957-4166

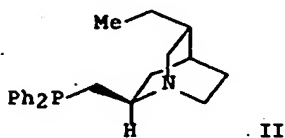
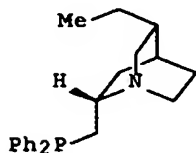
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:166907

GI



AB New β -aminoalkylphosphines I and II with a stereogenic nitrogen center have been synthesized from quincorine and quincoridine. Nickel catalysts were studied for their enantioselectivity in the asym. Kumada-Corriu reaction.

Thus, (S)-3-phenylbutene was prepared via Ni-I complex catalyzed Grignard cross-coupling of 1-phenylethylmagnesium chloride with vinyl bromide with 85% ee. Similarly, (R)-3-phenylbutene was prepared from Ni-II complex catalyzed cross-coupling reaction with 65% ee.

REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 22 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:372587 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:166677

TITLE: Enantiopure poly(glycidyl methacrylate-co-ethylene glycol dimethacrylate): a new material for supported catalytic asymmetric hydrogen transfer reduction

AUTHOR(S): Rolland, A.; Herault, D.; Touchard, F.; Saluzzo, C.; Duval, R.; Lemaire, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: UMR 5622, UCBL, CPE, Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthese Organique, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron: Asymmetry (2001), 12(5), 811-815

CODEN: TASYE3; ISSN: 0957-4166

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:166677

AB A novel copolymer containing chiral epoxy residues was prepared Free radical initiated suspension copolymn. of (R)- or (S)-glycidyl methacrylate with ethylene glycol dimethacrylate afforded crosslinked copolymer in high yield. Optically active polymers containing amino alc. functionalities were then formed from this copolymer through epoxide ring opening with a number of achiral and homochiral amines. It was shown that ruthenium complexes based on these new polymeric amino alc. ligands were effective catalysts for the asym. hydrogen transfer reduction of acetophenone.

REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 23 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:238759 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:259473

TITLE: (+)-(RR)-(π -m-Phenylenedimethylenebis(tert-butyl(phenyl)phosphine))bis(borane)

AUTHOR(S): Lebel, Helene; Berthod, Michael;

Belanger-Gariepy, Francine

CORPORATE SOURCE: Departement de Chimie, Universite de Montreal, Montreal, QC, H3C 3J7, Can.

SOURCE: Acta Crystallographica, Section E: Structure Reports Online (2001), E57(3), o282-o284

CODEN: ACSEBH; ISSN: 1600-5368

URL: <http://journals.iucr.org/e/issues/2001/03/00/ob6030/ob6030.pdf>

PUBLISHER: International Union of Crystallography

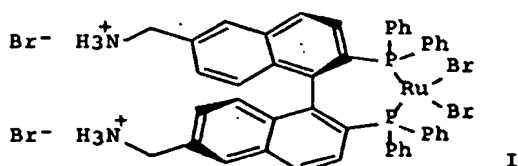
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; (online computer file)

LANGUAGE: English

AB The title compound, C₂₈H₄₂B₂P₂, was synthesized with >95% enantiomeric excess, and the relative and absolute configuration was determined Both P atoms have distorted tetrahedral geometry, and the average B-P-C angle and P-B distance are 112.7(6)° and 1.910(6) Å, resp. Crystallog. data are given.

REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 24 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:85146 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:295539
 TITLE: Hydrogenation of ethyl acetoacetate catalyzed by hydrosoluble BINAP derivatives
 AUTHOR(S): Lamouille, T.; Saluzzo, C.; ter Halle, R.; Le Guyader, F.; Lemaire, M.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: UMR 5622, CPE, UCBL, Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthese Organique, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2001), 42(4), 663-664
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 134:295539
 GI



AB A new Ru hydrosol. BINAP derivative, [6,6'-bis(aminomethyl)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl]ruthenium (II) dibromide dihydrobromide I, has been synthesized. I was revealed to be enantioselective up to 94% and recyclable (at least three times) in the asym. hydrogenation of Et acetoacetate to Et (S)-3-hydroxybutanoate in a biphasic system. Poly(ethylene glycol)-substituted derivs. of 6,6'-bis(aminomethyl)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl were also prepared; the ruthenium complexes were effective catalysts for the hydrogenation of Et acetoacetate with moderate enantioselectivity, but the catalysts underwent a significant drop in effectiveness upon reuse.

REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 25 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:66191 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:193632
 TITLE: Synthesis and assembly properties of a series of chiral amphiphilic dihydroxytetrahydrofuran derivatives
 AUTHOR(S): Ejjiyar, S.; Saluzzo, C.; Massoui, M.; Amouroux, R.; Terry, N.; Coleman, A. W.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Chimie des Agroressources, Universite Ibn Tofal, Faculte des Sciences, Kenitra, Morocco
 SOURCE: Journal of Physical Organic Chemistry (2001), 14(1), 1-10
 CODEN: JPOCEE; ISSN: 0894-3230
 PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 134:193632

AB The synthesis of a series of amphiphilic dihydroxytetrahydrofuran derivs., prepared from isomannide and isosorbide, possessing hydrophobic ether chains lengths varying from C10 to C18 attached α to the THF ring and with R and S chirality at the O linkage carbon atom is described. The interfacial properties of these compds. were studied using a Langmuir film balance; the results showed the expected increase in film stability with increasing chain length and differences in phase behavior and film stability related to linkage chirality. The formation of colloidal dispersions of these compds. was studied both dynamic light scattering and non-contact mode atomic force microscopy.

REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 26 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:628204 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:223219

TITLE: Optically active linear polymer used as ligand in the preparation of metallic complexes designed for asymmetric catalysis

INVENTOR(S): Lemaire, Marc; Ter Halle, Rob; Schulz, Emmanuelle; Colasson, Benoit; Spagnol, Michel; Saluzzo, Christine; Lamouille, Thierry

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhodia Chimie, Fr.; Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (C.N.R.S.)

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 102 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000052081	A1	20000908	WO 2000-FR82	20000114
W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
FR 2790477	A1	20000908	FR 1999-2510	19990301
FR 2790477	B1	20010525		
EP 1161481	A1	20011212	EP 2000-900590	20000114
EP 1161481	B1	20021204		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
JP 2002538249	T	20021112	JP 2000-602702	20000114
AT 229051	T	20021215	AT 2000-900590	20000114
ES 2188499	T3	20030701	ES 2000-900590	20000114
US 6646106	B1	20031111	US 2001-914613	20011211
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1999-2510	A 19990301
			WO 2000-FR82	W 20000114

AB The invention concerns optically active polymers, obtainable by polymerizing chiral diphosphines having a C2 axis of symmetry, excluding all other symmetry element, with one or several polymerizable monomers, said chiral diphosphine

consisting of a chiral compound bearing two identical functional groups capable of reacting with said polymerizable monomers. A typical polymer (I) was manufactured by polymerization of: (S)-6,6'-bis(aminomethyl)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl 12 h with 2,6-tolylene diisocyanate in CH₂Cl₂. A typical catalyst, useful for hydrogenation of α -keto esters, was manufactured by stirring I with bis(2-methylallyl)-1,5-cyclooctadieneruthenium in a 1:1 I-metal mol ratio in Me₂CO 30 min, adding methanolic HBr at Ru-Br ratio 1:2.3, and stirring 1 h.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 27 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:508689 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:251824

TITLE: Recent progress in asymmetric heterogeneous catalysis: use of polymer-supported catalysts

AUTHOR(S): Saluzzo, C.; ter Halle, P.; Touchard, F.;

Fache, F.; Schulz, E.; Lemaire, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: UMR 5622, Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthèse

Organique, UCBL/CPE, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (2000), 603(1), 30-39

CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science S.A.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

AB A review with 40 refs. is given. The asym. heterogeneous catalytic reduction of carbonyl bonds by hydrogen transfer reduction or hydrogenation by means of mol. hydrogen as well as the asym. allylic substitution of allylic acetates are reported. In order to perform these reactions, new polymer-supported catalysts were employed. These polymers are either a Merrifield resin with a chiral pendent ligand or a chiral main chain polymer with ureas, thioureas and a diphosphine as functional groups. Comparison of the results obtained in these heterogeneous asym. reactions was made with those obtained in the homogeneous ones.

REFERENCE COUNT: 67 THERE ARE 67 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 28 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:116211 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:264733

TITLE: Grignard reagent/borohydride combinations.

Alkylation/reduction of esters

AUTHOR(S): Hallouis, Sophie; Saluzzo, Christine;

Amouroux, Roger

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Chimie Organique Physique et

Synthétique, UMR 5622 CNRS, Université Claude Bernard

Lyon I, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Synthetic Communications (2000), 30(2), 313-324

CODEN: SYNCAV; ISSN: 0039-7911

PUBLISHER: Marcel Dekker, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 132:264733

AB The 1-step transformation of esters into secondary alcs. (70-80% yields) was performed with a Grignard reagent in the presence of Ca(BH₄)₂ or Zn(BH₄)₂. Under the same conditions, vinylic Grignard reagents gave γ,δ -unsatd. alcs. in

good yields through 3 successive reactions: addition to the ester carbonyl, then conjugate addition and finally reduction

REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 29 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:343167 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:19199

TITLE: Isosorbide and isomannide synthons: novel chiral amphiphilic molecules

AUTHOR(S): Ejjiyar, S.; Massoui, M.; Saluzzo, C.;

Amourous, R.; Colman, A. W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chimie Agroressources, Universite Ibn Tofail, Kenitra, Morocco

SOURCE: Comunicaciones presentadas a la Jornadas del Comité Espanol de la Detergencia (1999), 29, 511-520

CODEN: CJCDD7; ISSN: 0212-7466

PUBLISHER: Comité Espanol de la Detergencia, Tensioactivos y Afines

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Treatment of isosorbide and isomannide with iodotrimethylsilane induced the cleavage of one of the two rings only and provided trisubstituted tetrahydrofurans. The iodo alcs. obtained, after successive transformations in epoxides and then in alcs., constitute interesting intermediates of amphiphilic mols obtained by linkage to hydrocarbon lipophilic chains. Stable condensed monolayers of some amphiphilic mols. derivs. from isosorbide and isomannide were formed on a water subphase and Langmuir-Blodgett films were obtained. Preliminary tests for liquid crystalline properties prove to be interesting.

REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 30 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:169559 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:264253

TITLE: A direct single ring cleavage of isosorbide and isomannide with iodotrimethylsilane

AUTHOR(S): Ejjiyar, Soumeia; Saluzzo, Christine;

Amouroux, Roger; Massoui, Mohamed

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Sci., Univ. Ibn Tofail, Kenitra, Morocco

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1997), 38(9), 1575-1576

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 126:264253

AB Treatment of isosorbide and isomannide with iodotrimethylsilane in acetonitrile in the presence of acetone induces the cleavage of only one of the two rings and provides chiral trisubstituted tetrahydrofurans.

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L49 ANSWER 31 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:385063 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:198230

TITLE: Regioselective cleavage of tetrahydrofurans bearing proximate functional groups with acid iodides

AUTHOR(S): Mimero, Pascal; Saluzzo, Christine;
Amouroux, Roger
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chimie Organique Physique Synthetique - URA CNRS
463, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.
SOURCE: Synthetic Communications (1995), 25(5), 613-27
CODEN: SYNCAV; ISSN: 0039-7911
PUBLISHER: Dekker
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:198230
AB Tetrahydrofurans functionalized at the C2 or C3 position (alcs., esters, amine, ether, acetal) are cleaved with RCOCl/NaI ($\text{R} = \text{Me}$, tBu) in acetonitrile to give regioselectively trifunctionalized derivs. In all cases the cleavage occurs mainly or exclusively at the C-O bond the most remote from the functional group.

L49 ANSWER 32 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:297387 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:197952

TITLE: Phenylthio (and phenylseleno)fluorination of alkenes and alkynes using N-phenylthio (and phenylseleno)phthalimide combined with pyridine·9HF or $\text{Et}_3\text{N} \cdot 3\text{HF}$ complexes

AUTHOR(S): Saluzzo, Christine; La Spina, Anna-Maria; Picq, Dominique; Alvernhe, Gerard; Anker, Daniel; Wolf, Dieter; Haufe, Guenter

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org., UCB Lyon I, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.
SOURCE: Bulletin de la Societe Chimique de France (1994), 131(8), 831-43

CODEN: BSCFAS; ISSN: 0037-8968

PUBLISHER: Elsevier

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: French

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:197952

AB N-Phenylthiophthalimide and N-phenylselenophthalimide combined with pyridine·9HF and $\text{Et}_3\text{N} \cdot 3\text{HF}$ complexes allow the formal addition of elements of PhSF or PhSeF across the carbon-carbon double or triple bond by a one-pot reaction. Pyridine·9HF, a strongly acidic reagent, is required to polarize the S-N bond and, therefore, gives rise to some byproducts. In contrast, selenium-containing compds. are obtained in good yields using the less acidic $\text{Et}_3\text{N} \cdot 3\text{HF}$ complex avoiding cleavage of acetals or isomerization; the formal PhSeF addition is totally regioselective with propargylic alcs.

L49 ANSWER 33 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:298030 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:298030

TITLE: Regiocontrolled ring opening of 2-methyltetrahydrofuran with acid chlorides and iodides

AUTHOR(S): Mimero, Pascal; Saluzzo, Christine; Amouroux, Roger

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org. Phys. Synth., Univ. Claude Bernard, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1994), 35(10), 1553-6
CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 120:298030

AB Regioselective cleavage of 2-methyltetrahydrofuran with bulky acid iodides RCOI (prepared in situ by treating the RCOCl with NaI) (R = Me, Et, i-Pr, t-Bu, ClCH₂, Cl₂CH, F₃C) gives predominantly the primary iodides I(CH₂)₃CHMeO₂CR, whereas using acid chlorides RCOCl (R = Me, t-Bu, ClCH₂, Cl₂CH, F₃C) and cat. ZnCl₂ lead to secondary chlorides RCO₂(CH₂)₃CHMeCl almost exclusively, regardless of the nature of R.

L49 ANSWER 34 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:217120 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:217120

TITLE: Stereocontrolled formation of functionalized erythro-1,2-diols via hydroboration of 2-alkyl-4,5-dihydrofurans

AUTHOR(S): Amouroux, Roger; Slassi, Abdelmalik; Saluzzo, Christine

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org. Phys. Synthet., Univ. Claude Bernard, Lyon I, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Heterocycles (1993), 36(9), 1965-9

CODEN: HTCYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 120:217120

AB Trans-2-alkyl-3-hydroxytetrahydrofurans, prepared by the stereospecific hydroboration/oxidation reaction of 2-alkyl-4,5-dihydrofurans, were regioselectively cleaved with (CH₃)₃SiCl/NaI to afford 1-iodo-erythro-3,4-diols in CH₃CN or the corresponding acetonide derivs. in CH₃COCH₃.

L49 ANSWER 35 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:40561 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:40561

TITLE: Synthesis of fluoroalkyl methyl thioethers by formal addition of methanesulfonyl fluoride to alkenes

AUTHOR(S): Haufe, Gunter; Alvernhe, Gerard; Anker, Daniel; Laurent, Andre; Saluzzo, Christine

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Leipzig, Leipzig, O-7010, Germany

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1992), 57(2), 714-19

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 116:40561

AB The electrophilic anti-1,2-addition of the elements of MeSF to C:C bonds by a 1-pot reaction of MeS+Me₂ BF₄⁻ and Et₃N.3HF with various alkenes is used for the synthesis of β-fluoroalkyl Me sulfides. The reaction is stereospecific: cis-cycloalkenes give trans-1-fluoro-2- (methylthio)cycloalkanes, while trans-cyclododecene gives the cis product. With unsym. alkenes these reactions proceed regioselectively to produce Markovnikov-oriented fluoro sulfides. With 2,6-norbornadiene, exclusive exo attack on 1 C:C bond and subsequent transannular participation of the 2nd π-bond gives 2 isomeric 3,5-disubstituted nortricyclanes. With the medium-sized cis,cis-1,5-cyclooctadiene, no transannular π-participation is observed. In contrast, in the reaction of the monoepoxide of the diene, in addition to the simple 1,2-adduct, a transannular O participation occurs to give 3 oxabicyclic compds. Oxidation of 1-fluoro-2-(methylthio)cyclooctane by NaIO₄ yields the expected

mixture of 2 diastereomeric 1-fluoro-2-(methylsulfinyl)cyclooctanes, which on pyrolysis give 3-fluorocyclooctene.

L49 ANSWER 36 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:514741 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:114741

TITLE: Phenylselenofluorination of alkynes

AUTHOR(S): Saluzzo, Christine; Alvernhe, Gerard; Anker,

Daniel; Haufe, Guenter

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org., Univ. Claude Bernard, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1990), 31(15), 2127-30

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: French

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 113:114741

AB The electrophilic anti-addition of the elements of PhSeF to C.tplbond.C bonds is performed in a one-pot reaction of N-phenylselenophthalimide and Et₃N.3HF with disubstituted alkynes starting from monosubstituted alkynes. The reaction proceeds further to afford vinylic diselenated compds. after HF elimination. Some monoaddn. products could be transformed into vinylic or allenic fluorides.

L49 ANSWER 37 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:514733 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:114733

TITLE: Synthesis of β -fluoroalkyl phenyl (or methyl) thioethers by sulfur-assisted halogen exchange with triethylamine tris(hydrofluoride)

AUTHOR(S): Saluzzo, C.; Alvernhe, G.; Anker, D.; Haufe, G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org., Univ. Claude Bernard - Lyon I, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Journal of Fluorine Chemistry (1990), 47(3), 467-79

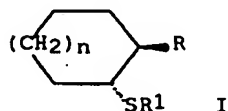
CODEN: JFLCAR; ISSN: 0022-1139

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 113:114733

GI



AB The exchange of Cl in β -chloroalkyl thioethers, e.g. I (R = Cl; R₁ = Me, Ph, n = 3; R₁ = Ph, n = 1, 2, 5), by F, with anchimeric assistance of S, is very easily realized with the almost neutral fluorinating reagent Et₃N.3HF. The one-pot reactions of alkenes with sulfenyl chlorides and subsequently with Et₃N.3HF lead to the corresponding β -fluoroalkyl thioethers, e.g. I (R = F), in high yields.

L49 ANSWER 38 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:496676 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:96676

TITLE: Phenylselenofluorination of acid-sensitive alkenes

AUTHOR(S): Saluzzo, Christine; Alvernhe, Gerard; Anker, Daniel; Haufe, Guenter

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org., Univ. Claude Bernard, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1990), 31(5), 663-6

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: French

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 113:96676

AB β -Phenylseleno fluorides have been synthesized by reaction of olefins (even acid-sensitive ones) with N-phenylselenophthalimide in the presence of Et₃N.3HF. Owing to the regioselectivity observed, this reaction constitutes a good method for functionalization of α,β -unsatd. acetals.

L49 ANSWER 39 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:552842 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:152842

TITLE: Formal addition of methanesulphenyl fluoride to unsaturated substrates

AUTHOR(S): Haufe, Guenter; Alvernhe, Gerard; Anker, Daniel; Laurent, Andre; Saluzzo, Christine

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sect. Chem., Karl-Marx-Univ., Leipzig, 7010, Ger. Dem. Rep.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1988), 29(19), 2311-14

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 111:152842

AB The electrophilic anti-addition of the elements of methanesulphenyl fluoride to C-C double bonds by a one pot reaction of dimethyl(methylthio)sulfonium fluoroborate and triethylamine tris-hydrofluoride with various types of alkenes is used for the synthesis of β -fluoroalkyl Me thioethers.

L49 ANSWER 40 OF 40 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:51056 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 56:51056

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 56:9659i,9660a-b

TITLE: Dynamic corrosion by water: effect of thermal flux on corrosion kinetics. Measurement of pH in high-temperature water

AUTHOR(S): Berthod, M.; Coriou, H.; Fournie, T. V.;

Grall, L.; Hure, J.; LePeintre, M.; Saint-James, R.

SOURCE: Proc. U.N. Intern. Conf. Peaceful Uses Atomic Energy, 2nd, Geneva, 1958 (1958), 7, 445-57

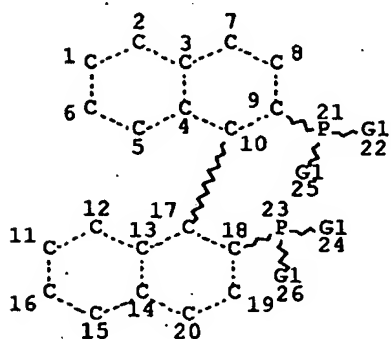
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

AB A loop for corrosion tests is described which provides a thermal flux of 200-250 w./sq. cm. across an Al tube. Alumina films 10-35- μ thick were produced after 1000-hr. exposures. In regions of maximum heat flux, cracks were found

in the film when its thickness was 20 μ or more. These cracks were not found at the ends of the tube where the heat flux was low and the films were only 10 μ thick. Pits that penetrated the underlying metal were randomly distributed over the surface; cavitation in the cooling H₂O at hot spots on the surface was suggested as the causative agent. No evidence of intergranular attack was observed. A high-pressure loop is described for operation at 350° with heat fluxes of 300 w./sq. cm. pH electrodes were constructed for use at high pressures and temps. up to 100°. The pH of a phthalate buffer at 80° did not change when the pressure was increased to 20 kg./sq. cm.

=> => d stat que 151.
L2 STR



VAR G1=AK/CY

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

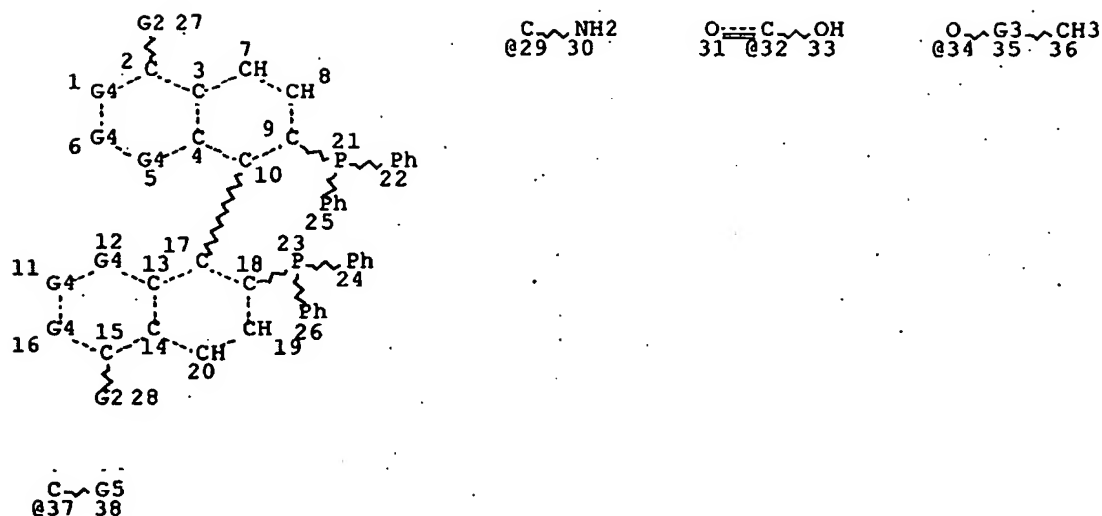
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L4 563 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L2

L14 STR



VAR G2=AK/CN/29/32

REP G3=(0-3) C

VAR G4=CH/37

VAR G5=AK/34

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

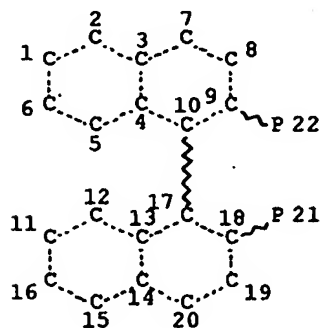
NUMBER OF NODES IS 38

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L16 18 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 SSS FUL L14

L17 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L16

L19 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

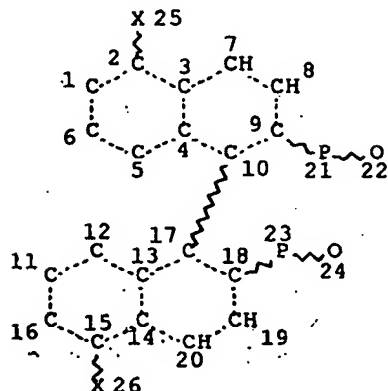
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L21 553 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L19

L23 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

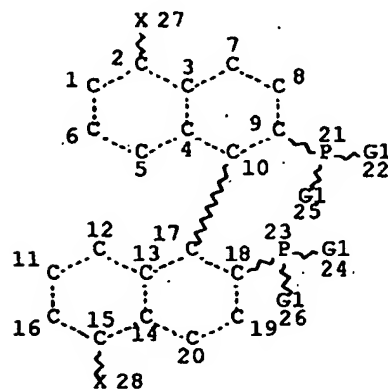
NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L24 3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L21 SSS FUL L23

L25 550 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 NOT L24

L26 STR



VAR G1=AK/CY

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

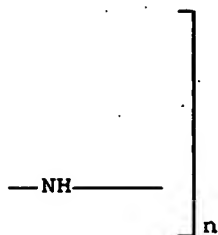
NUMBER OF NODES IS 28

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L27 5 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 SSS FUL L26
 L28 540 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 NOT (L16 OR L27)
 L29 1674 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25
 L30 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24
 L31 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L27
 L32 1680 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28
 L33 0 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L30 OR L31) NOT L17
 L34 215 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28/P
 L35 211 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L34
 L36 116181 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (HALOGENATION/CV OR "HALOGENAT
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 HALOGENATION"/CV OR BROMINATION/CV OR CHLORINATION/CV OR
 FLUORINATION/CV OR IODINATION/CV OR "HALOGENATION CATALYSTS"/CV
 OR "HALOGENATION KINETICS"/CV OR HALOGENS/CV) OR ?HALOGENAT?
 L37 1280589 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("REDOX REACTION"/CV OR
 REDUCTION/CV) OR ?REDUCT?
 L40 5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L36 AND L37
 L41 4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 NOT (L17 OR L33)
 L42 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L41 AND L35
 L43 22 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 AND L36 AND L32
 L44 5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 AND L37 AND L32
 L45 16 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L43 OR L44) NOT (L17 OR L33
 OR L42)
 L46 661 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("LEMAIRE M"/AU OR "LEMAIRE M
 C"/AU OR "LEMAIRE M J"/AU OR "LEMAIRE M V"/AU OR "LEMAIRE M
 VIOLAINE"/AU OR "LEMAIRE M Y"/AU) OR ("LEMAIRE MARC"/AU OR
 "LEMAIRE MARC LIONEL"/AU)
 L47 35 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("SALUZZO C"/AU OR "SALUZZO
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 L48 15 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("BERTHOD M"/AU OR "BERTHOD
 MICHAEL"/AU OR "BERTHOD MIKAEEL"/AU OR "BERTHOD MIKAEL"/AU)
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 OR L42 OR L45)
 L50 20 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L46 AND (L29 OR L32)
 L51 5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L50 NOT (L17 OR L33 OR L42 OR
 L45 OR L49)

=> d ibib abs hitstr l51 1-5

L51 ANSWER 1 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:67888 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:281219
 TITLE: Synthesis and evaluation of poly-NAP-Ru, an
 heterogeneous enantioselective catalyst
 AUTHOR(S): Ter Hallea, Rob; Schulza, Emmanuelle; Spagnol, Michel;
 Lemaire, Marc
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthese Organique,
 IRC/UCBL/CPE Lyon, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.
 SOURCE: Comptes Rendus de l'Academie des Sciences, Serie IIc:
 Chimie (2000), 3(7), 553-556
 CODEN: CASCEN; ISSN: 1387-1609
 PUBLISHER: Editions Scientifiques et Medicales Elsevier
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English



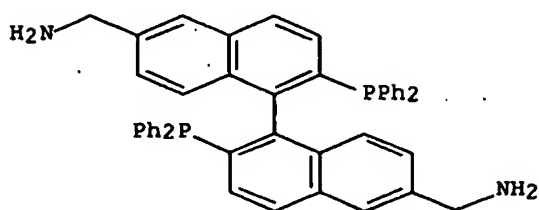
RN 263173-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-6,6'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-, (1S)-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanato-2-methylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 263163-80-0

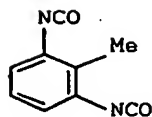
CMF C46 H38 N2 P2



CM 2

CRN 91-08-7

CMF C9 H6 N2 O2



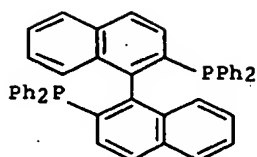
IT 76189-56-5

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(preparation of bis(aminomethyl)binaphthyldiphenylphosphine toluene diisocyanate oligomer as stereoselective hydrogenation catalyst)

RN 76189-56-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[1,1-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)]

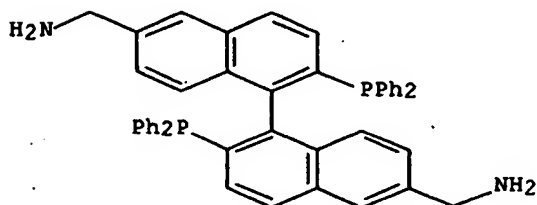


IT 263163-80-0P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of bis(aminomethyl)binaphthyldiphenylphosphine toluene diisocyanate oligomer as stereoselective hydrogenation catalyst)

RN 263163-80-0 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-6,6'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
 (1S)-(1S) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L51 ANSWER 2 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:592728 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:177311

TITLE: Preparation of chiral biphenyl- and binaphthyl-based diphosphines and use in asymmetric catalysis

INVENTOR(S): Lemaire, Marc; Ter Halle, Rob; Schulz, Emmanuelle; Spagnol, Michel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhodia Chimie, Fr.; Centre National De La Recherche Scientifique (C.N.R.S.)

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

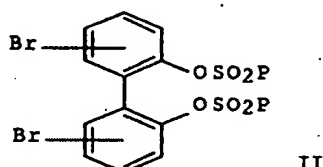
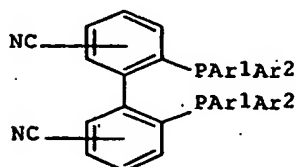
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000049028	A1	20000824	WO 2000-FR83	20000114
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,				

DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

FR 2789992	A1	20000825	FR 1999-2119	19990219
FR 2789992	B1	20010525		
EP 1153031	A1	20011114	EP 2000-900591	20000114
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002537305	T	20021105	JP 2000-599766	20000114
US 6610875	B1	20030826	US 2001-913831	20011211
US 2003225297	A1	20031204	US 2003-454510	20030605
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1999-2119	A 19990219
			WO 2000-FR83	W 20000114
			US 2001-913831	A3 20011211

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 133:177311; MARPAT 133:177311
GI

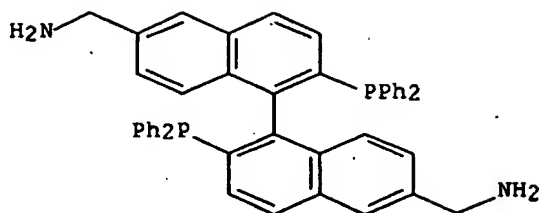


AB The invention concerns a method for preparing I (optionally further substituted biphenyl may also be binaphthyl; Ar1, Ar2 independently represent a saturated or aromatic carbocyclic group, optionally substituted). The preparation method comprises several steps: (i) bromination of an enantiomer of 2,2'-bisphenol or 2,2'-binaphthol, (ii) esterification using a sulfonic acid or an activated form (e.g. triflic anhydride), (iii) substitution of Br by cyano, (iv) coupling with XPAR1Ar2 (X = H, halogen). The dicyano derivs. can be reduced to aminomethyl derivs. and both can be incorporated into transition metal complexes for asym. catalysis. For example, an hydrogenation catalyst prepared from bis(2-methylallyl)(cyclooctadiene)ruthenium and (S)-6,6'-bis(aminomethyl)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl gave 100% Me 3-hydroxybutanoate from Me acetoacetate with an 100% ee. This catalyst system also is effective in the hydrogenation of acetophenone (72% yield with 18% ee compared to <1% yield and 0% ee for the analogous complex containing a 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl enantiomer). The dicyano derivs. can also be converted to dicarboxy derivs. II (optionally further substituted biphenyl may also be binaphthyl; P = aliphatic hydrocarbyl, carbocyclic aryl, aliphatic group substituted by carbocyclic aryl; P neither CF3 nor p-tolyl) are also claimed.

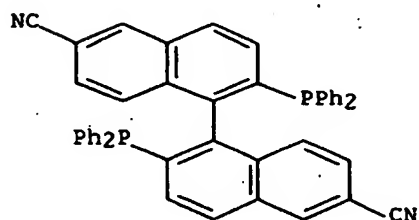
IT 263163-80-0P, (S)-6,6'-Bis(aminomethyl)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(preparation and ligand in transition metal complex asym. catalysts)

RN 263163-80-0 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-6,6'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 263163-79-7P, (S)-6,6'-Dicyano-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (preparation, cyano reduction and ligand in transition metal complex asym. catalysts)
 RN 263163-79-7 HCAPLUS
 CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-6,6'-dicarbonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

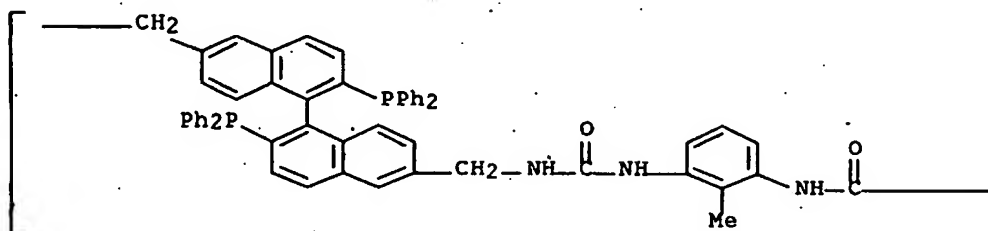
L51 ANSWER 3 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:364691 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:134856
 TITLE: Heterogeneous catalytic hydrogenation of olefinic substrates by poly-NAP
 AUTHOR(S): ter Halle, Rob; Schulz, Emmanuelle; Spagnol, Michel; Lemaire, Marc
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de catalyse et synthese organique, UCBL, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2000), 41(18), 3323-3326
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 133:134856
 AB With previously described poly-NAP, a polyurea from methylamine-functionalized BINAP and MeC6H3-2,6-(NCO)2, various olefinic substrates were reduced with selectivities comparable to those obtained by BINAP. For substrates which contained a Me ester, the selectivities were higher than those observed for their carboxylic acid analogs.
 IT 263172-38-9
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(stereoselective heterogeneous catalytic hydrogenation of olefins by
BINAP-based polyurea)

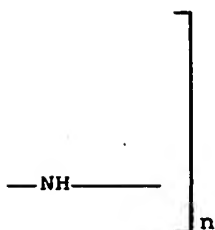
RN 263172-38-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[iminocarbonylimino(2-methyl-1,3-phenylene)iminocarbonyliminomethylene
[(1S)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-6,6'-diyl)methylene]
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L51 ANSWER 4 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:358893 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:135053

TITLE: Poly-NAP as ligand for the asymmetric hydrogenation of
ketones

AUTHOR(S): ter Halle, Rob; Schulz, Emmanuelle; Spagnol, Michel;
Lemaire, Marc

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthèse Organique, UMR
5622, UCBL, CPE, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Synlett (2000), (5), 680-682
CODEN: SYNLES; ISSN: 0936-5214

PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 133:135053

AB A new heterogeneous catalytic system is described incorporating the BINAP
structure as coordinating agent. In the presence of chiral diamines as
auxiliaries, this ligand is efficient for the ruthenium catalyzed asym.
hydrogenation of acetophenone (e.e. 68%) and can be reused several times

without loss of selectivity and activity. The best e.e. (96%) is obtained for the reduction of 1'-acetonaphthone.

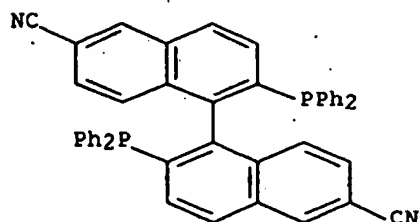
IT 263163-79-7

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(poly-NAP as ligand for the asym. hydrogenation of aryl ketones)

RN 263163-79-7 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-6,6'-dicarbonitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



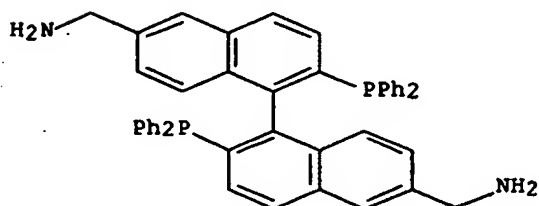
IT 263163-80-0P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(poly-NAP as ligand for the asym. hydrogenation of aryl ketones)

RN 263163-80-0 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-6,6'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



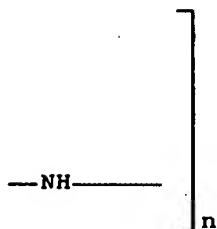
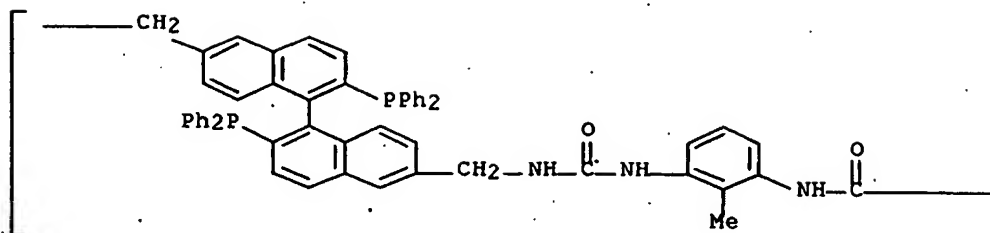
IT 263172-38-9P, Poly-NAP

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(poly-NAP as ligand for the asym. hydrogenation of aryl ketones)

RN 263172-38-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[iminocarbonylimino(2-methyl-1,3-phenylene)iminocarbonyliminomethylene [(1S)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-6,6'-diyl]methylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L51 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:100193 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:264944

TITLE: "Diam-BINAP"; a highly efficient monomer for the synthesis of heterogeneous enantioselective catalysts

AUTHOR(S): Ter Halle, Rob; Colasson, Benoist; Schulz, Emmanuelle; Spagnol, Michel; **Lemaire, Marc**

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Catalyse et Synthèse Organique, IRC, UCBL, CPE, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2000), 41(5), 643-646

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 132:264944

AB 6,6'-Bis(aminomethyl)-BINAP (diam-BINAP) was prepared from (S)-BINOL by bromination, OH protection, reaction with CuCN and HPPH₂, and reduction of the nitrile groups. The polyaddn. of this monomer with 2,6-diisocyanatotoluene gave the oligomer (poly-NAP), with a polymerization degree of 8. The ruthenium complex of this polymer proved to be a very efficient heterogeneous catalyst for the hydrogenation of β -keto esters (99% ee, 0.1 mol% of catalyst). Furthermore the catalyst could be easily reused four times by simple filtration without loss of activity or enantioselectivity.

IT 263172-38-9DP, isopropoxy-terminated 263173-51-9DP, isopropoxy-terminated.

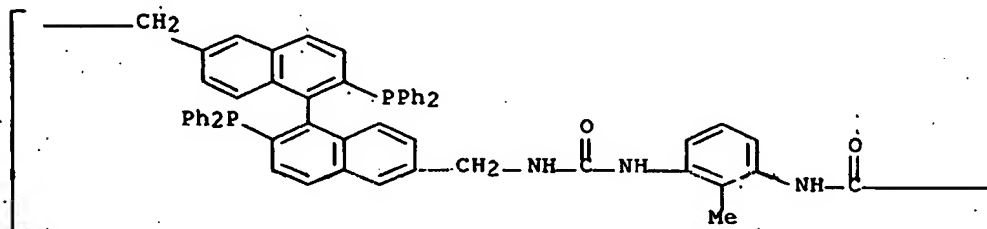
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(oligomeric; preparation of bis(aminomethyl)binaphthyldiphenylphosphine
toluene diisocyanate oligomer as stereoselective hydrogenation
catalyst)

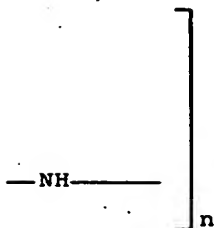
RN 263172-38-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[iminocarbonylimino(2-methyl-1,3-phenylene)iminocarbonyliminomethylene
[(1S)-2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)[1,1'-binaphthalene]-6,6'-diyl)methylene]
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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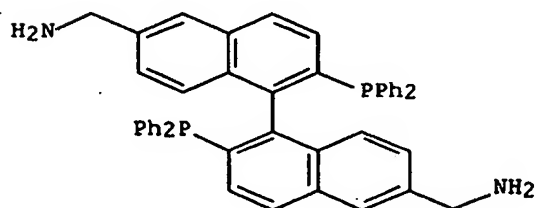
RN 263173-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-6,6'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-, (1S)-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanato-2-methylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 263163-80-0

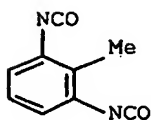
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CM 2

CRN 91-08-7

CMF C9 H6 N2 O2

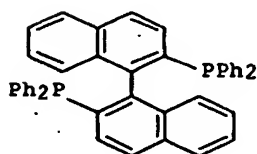


IT 76189-56-5

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(preparation of bis(aminomethyl)binaphthyldiphenylphosphine toluene diisocyanate oligomer as stereoselective hydrogenation catalyst)

RN 76189-56-5 HCAPLUS

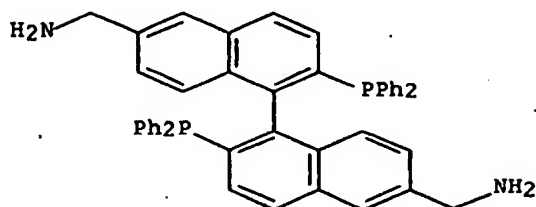
CN Phosphine, 1,1'-[(1S)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diyl]bis[1,1-diphenyl-
(CA INDEX NAME)

IT 263163-80-0P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation of bis(aminomethyl)binaphthyldiphenylphosphine toluene diisocyanate oligomer as stereoselective hydrogenation catalyst)

RN 263163-80-0 HCAPLUS

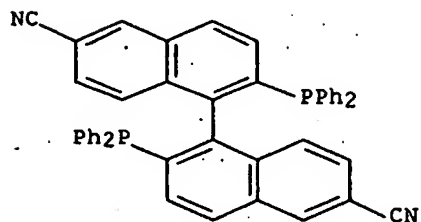
CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-6,6'-dimethanamine, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 263163-79-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of bis(aminomethyl)binaphthyldiphenylphosphine toluene diisocyanate oligomer as stereoselective hydrogenation catalyst)

RN 263163-79-7 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-6,6'-dicyanitrile, 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-,
(1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

14

THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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